Weather
Cloudy, hot weather today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 98.1 and the minimum 70.9, the figures for the correspondent day last year being 79.0 and 67.1.

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FRENCH VIEWPOINT IS ENEMY CLAIMS ARE IMPOSSIBLE

Territorial Conditions Are Unalterable, Is Belief Paris Holds

GERMANY SEETHES

All Propaganda Is Aimed Against Acceptance Of Treaty As Drawn

DELEGATE QUOTED

Rantzau Reported To Have Sent Word That He Will Not Sign

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, May 31.—M. Loucheur, the French financial expert, having examined the German financial counter-proposals, reported them to be utterly unacceptable.

Opinion Is Unanimous

Paris, May 31.—Opinion in French political circles is unanimous, regarding the German counter-proposals, that there is no necessity for verbal discussions and the territorial conditions are unalterable with regard to the Saar Basin, Upper Silesia and the colonies.

What's Happening In Germany

Paris, May 31.—All the resources of the German service of propaganda are being utilised to spread the idea that Germany cannot and will not accept the Allies' peace terms and rumors to the effect that America is disposed to favor a radical modification of the terms to mildness.

President Wilson's speech in the cemetery at Suresnes on Memorial Day is the best answer for demolishing such rumors. President Wilson stated:

"It is our duty to take and maintain safeguards that no nation should be ever called upon again for the sacrifice of war. It must be done. It will be done."

Discuss Counter-Proposals

Paris, June 1.—A meeting of the British Cabinet was held this morning at Mr. Lloyd George's house in Paris to discuss the German counter-proposals and certain parts of the Austrian Treaty.

The Premier, Mr. A. J. Balfour, Mr. G. N. Barnes, Mr. Austen Chamberlain, the Lord Chancellor, Lord Milner and Mr. Winston Churchill were present.

Earl Curzon and Mr. Walter Long were absent owing to indisposition while Mr. A. Bonar Law and Sir Auckland Geddes were detained in London on pressing business.

Hint Is Given

Versailles, May 31.—Information gathered from the German Delegation is to the effect that Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau convoked the entire Delegation and the members of the Finance Commission before the departure of Herr Giesberts and Herr Landsberg and asked them to tell the people of Berlin that he would not sign the Treaty in the form presented by the Allies.

Signing May Be Delayed

Paris, May 31.—The best informed Conference circles now do not anticipate that the Peace Treaty will be signed before June 30.

Rantzau Wires Protest

Versailles, May 29.—When Count von Brockdroff-Rantzau learned that the text of the German counter-proposals had been cabled to the American newspapers, he telegraphed to Berlin protesting against any mistaken attitude towards the Entente and received a reply from Berlin declaring there had been a misunderstanding.

Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau immediately informed Colonel Henry, in charge of the German Delegation, that he had a note to deliver to him and sent him the first part of the German counter-proposals, saying the remainder would be delivered next day.

Herrn Giesbert and Landsberg and twenty-two secretaries of the German Delegation left for Berlin this evening.

Austrian Delegate Leaves

St. Germains, June 2.—Chancellor Renner is leaving this evening for Austria with the Austrian Peace Terms.

Presentation Of Terms

St. Germains, June 2.—The portions of the Peace Terms which were ready for presentation were handed

(Continued on Page 4)

Formal Recognition Of Omsk Government To Be Given On June 20, Announced By Tokio

Expected Action Will Be Taken By Five Powers On That Date---Further Activity Of Bolsheviki In Siberia Reported

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, June 8.—Recognition of the Omsk Government by the Five Great Powers is expected to take place on June 20.

Radicals Again Active

Harbin, June 7.—Reuter's Agency is reliably informed that the Bolsheviki in the Habarovsk region are again displaying activity, pillaging villages, and forcing the peasants to join their bands.

The Ataman Kalmikoff, with part of his detachment as well as the Japanese troops, has left Habarovsk and is advancing against the villages occupied by the Bolsheviki.

General Horvath arrived here today.

Last Canadians Leave

Tokio, June 7.—The last batch of Canadian troops from Vladivostok left for Canada on the 5th.

Bolsheviki between Irkutsk and Omsk, estimated to total 5,000, are continually making attacks in the vicinity of the railway stations and trians cannot move at night.

Note Pleases People

Harbin, June 6.—It is officially reported that the note presented by the five Great Powers expressing friendly feelings towards national Russia and declaring the decision of all nations not to negotiate with the Bolsheviki has been enthusiastically received by the population and is regarded as marking the opening of friendly relations between the Omsk Government and all the Powers.

Many Prisoners Taken

Harbin, June 6.—An official communique issued by the Siberian headquarters reports:

Between Perm and the River Kama during the period from May 7 to May 24 our troops captured 1,400 prisoners, 538 rifles, 112,500 cartridges, sixteen machine-guns, 84 horses and other booty.

It is reported that the Council of Ministers has decided to include the Russian Telegraph Agency in the newly organised Press Association, declaring that henceforth the reports of the above agency will be unofficial except those marked official.

The Russian press greets this decision as giving Russian journalists the long-desired liberty of opinion.

The Press Assocation has applied to all Russian journalists asking their help to organise on a sound basis a powerful organisation similar to the Havas Agency in France, Reuter's Agency in Great Britain, the Associated Press in America and Stepani in Italy.

Announcement Is Made

Omsk, June 4.—The Government announces today:

"Yesterday the Supreme Governor recevied a communication signed by President Wilson, M. Clemenceau, Mr. Lloyd George, Signor Orlando and the Marquis Saionji categorically declaring that the Allies regard as impossible relations with the Soviet authorities and requesting an exchange of views with the Omsk Government.

"Our answer, which was given yesterday evening, reiterates the basic principles of policy this Government has already repeatedly and avowedly declared."

Admiral Koltchak returned to Omsk this morning. General Gaida arrives today.

The western army continues to recede. Serapul has been recaptured by the Bolsheviki and Ufa is being bombarded with heavy artillery.

The resignation of General Gaida is expected owing to an estrangement with the General Staff.

Glasoff has been captured by the Siberians and the Bolsheviki are in full retreat on the Perm front.

American Congressional Mission Visits Belgian Orphans At Brussels

U.S. Congressmen visit Belgian orphans. INTL.

The United States Congressional Mission photographed at the St. Ann's Orphanage in Brussels with a group of Belgian kiddies who lost their parents through executions by the Germans. One hundred and sixty-five civilians of a martyred city of Belgium were placed against a wall and shot down before their own children and fellow townsfolk. The children told their sad stories to the sympathetic visitors, who are at present investigating conditions in devastated regions of both France and Belgium.

Japan Is Suspicious Of New Consortium

Conference Held By Bankers Who Want Interests Of Nipponese Safeguarded

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, June 6.—The attitude of business interests here towards the new Financial Consortium organised in Paris was at first decidedly apprehensive lest Japan's special position and interests should be sacrificed through its formation. The press generally echoed that feeling despite official endeavors to remove such apprehensions.

A conference has been held of bankers and those directly interested in investments in China as the result of which it is believed they have advised the Government to limit the operations of the Consortium to loans to the Central and local governments for which public subscription will be invited through the Banking Syndicate, leaving the widest possible scope for the enterprises of private investors for industrial developments in China. Unless this suggestion is adopted uneasiness may be considered to continue prevailing.

British Troop Train Wrecked In France

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Charleroi, May 30.—A train carrying demobilised British soldiers has been derailed here. Three carriages were overturned, killing seven and seriously injuring twenty men.

NEW YORK SHIP CONCERN IS TO BE DISSOLVED

Announced That International Mercantile Marine Will End Activities

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

New York, May 29.—It is announced that the International Mercantile Marine will probably be dissolved when the shareholders approve the sale of the British-owned ships and assets to a British Syndicate and a distribution of the assets among the shareholders.

Yang Tcheng Opposes Strike Movement

Foreign Commissioner, Back From Peking, Using Influence To Get Shops To Reopen

Mr. Yang Tcheng, special commissioner for Foreign Affairs in Shanghai, returned late Sunday night from Peking, having been urged by the Peking Government to hasten back to Shanghai on account of the strike. Mr. Yang immediately got to work yesterday with the heads of the Chinese guilds and other influential Chinese.

Mr. Yang is using all his influence to break the strike and to get the shops to open up again today. He is vigorously opposed to the students and their movement and was outspoken in saying so to influential Chinese yesterday.

In the opinion of Mr. Yang, the continuance of the strike will cause an outbreak of disorder that will endanger the Settlement. He believes that in no case can the strike do any good and that it can produce only suffering to everybody. He predicted that the backbone of the strike would be broken in a very short time and is requesting the foreign authorities in the Settlement to bring that about.

Flight Of Americans Wins Notice Of King

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 31.—The King has congratulated the American Ambassador on the arrival of the U.S. seaplane NC-4.

Bolshevist Move Seen In Contantinople

Paris Learns That Ill-Famed Committee Of Union Is Gaining Power

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, May 31.—Some disquietude has been created in Paris at the news that the ill-famed Committee of Union and Progress in Constantinople is once more gaining ground, assisted by Bolshevist agents.

BRITISH POLICE TO QUIT WHEN TREATY IS SIGNED

Result Of Ballot Shows Men Are Overwhelmingly In Favor Of Strike

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 1.—The police ballot has resulted in 44,539 for and 4,324 against a strike but it was announced at an enormous police demonstration in Hyde Park this afternoon that the executive of the Police Union has decided to postpone the strike until after peace is signed.

The secretary of the Police Union said that the executive desired to try further negotiations but it was determined to get justice even if they had to strike.

Premier Declines Interview

London, May 31.—Mr. Lloyd George has declined to receive in Paris a deputation of the Police Union on the subject of the threatened strike, stating that he fully approved of everything that had been done and had complete confidence in those representing him.

BRITAIN GIVING AID TO HER EX-SOLDIERS

Commons Told That Everything Possible For Them Is Being Done

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 28.—During a debate in the House of Commons today Sir Robert Horne, Minister of Labor, declared that the Government had done all that was possible to find work for ex-soldiers. The number of unemployed and the unemployment for discharged and demobilised men was lessening and was under a million.

He expressed the opinion that the turning point had been reached and believed by the end of the summer the situation would be very different.

A housing scheme which involved building 100,000 houses the first year, and 200,000 the second year had been drawn up and 76,000 sites had already been approved, he said. The Road Board had granted £7,500,000 for road repairs, he added, and a considerable amount of work had already been begun. Local works costing £2,500,000 had been started recently and others costing £15,000,000 had been sanctioned. This was most effectively providing employment.

Ex-Kronprinz Is Back From Recent Journey

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, May 30.—The ex-Kronprinz of Germany returned to Wieringen after meeting the ex-Kaiserin at Amersfoort.

Salt Gabelle Surplus To Be Paid Over Soon

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, June 8.—According to the Chinese press, the Salt Gabelle surplus for the month of May, amounting to $5,400,000, will be handed to the Government on June 10.

Tsao Ju-lin Resigns And He May Be Out

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, June 9.—Tsao Ju-lin has again tendered his resignation and it is understood that the Government is now accepting it.

Authorisation Asked For Loan To Cover Big British Deficit

Chancellor Offers Resolution In Commons To Raise £250,000,000

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 2.—In the House of Commons today Mr. Austen Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, moved a resolution authorising the Treasury to borrow a maximum of £250,000,000 to cover the estimated deficit for the year and also the requisite amount for repaying maturing securities issued under the War Loans Act or Treasury Bills or other advances and the creation of a sinking fund.

He said that a serious feature was the immense floating debt and the great quantity of accruing short-dated securities. The figures to May 31 were:

Ways and Means Advances	£457,892,000
Treasury Bills	£1,036,131,000
Exchequer Bonds maturing within the financial year	£24,500,000

This excluded the Miscellaneous Foreign Debt due in 1919 approximating £98,000,000.

There were also further securities maturing from April, 1920, to March, 1924, amounting to £1,008,000,000 and also £91,000,000 of foreign debt.

He had decided to issue the Loan after Whitsuntide, he said.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer dwelt on the unfavorable financial and commercial atmosphere owing to the existence of such a vast amount of short-dated securities.

Owing to the ready response to previous loans he said we were in a position unrivalled among the belligerents who entered the war at the beginning and we, today, were reaping the reward of our past sacrifices. He hoped the country would be encouraged to make another great effort.

The House agreed to the resolution.

CONSEQUENCES FOLLOW OUTBREAKS IN EGYPT

Widespread Epidemics Among Cattle One Of Troubles That Provinces Are Facing

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Cairo, May 26.—The disastrous consequences of the recent disturbances seem to be ever increasing. the water in the Assuan Reservoir Besides the loss due to the escape of and the damage to the railways, it now appears that owing to the inability of the veterinary inspectors to carry out their duties for two months, the provinces are faced with a severe and widespread epidemics of rinderpest and other diseases among the cattle.

REPUBLIC PROCLAIMED BY CITIES ON RHINE

Inhabitants Hope In This Way To Escape World's Hatred Of Things German

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Brussels, June 2.—A message sent from Aix-la-Chapelle yesterday reports:

The German committees have been constituted here, in Cologne and in other towns to promote the establishment of a republic of the left bank of the Rhine separated from Prussia but remaining part of the German Confederation.

It is believed that the establishment of this new State will enable the inhabitants to escape the world's hatred of everything German.

President Sends Word To Paris

Mayence, June 1.—The Rhenish Republic was proclaimed today in a number of the Rhine towns. The Government of the new Republic has been provisionally established at Wiesbaden. The President, Dr. Dorden, has addressed a message to the Peace Conference.

BOLSHEVIST WARSHIPS SHELL FINNISH COAST

Vessels Are Driven Back To Kronstadt After Clash With British

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Helsingfors, May 31.—The Bolshevist battleship Petropaviosk and three others shelled the coast west of Krasnajagorka today. Seven British warships engaged the enemy in a fight which lasted for fifty minutes, after which the Bolshevik vessels fled back to Kronstadt.

Hawker And Grieve Receive £5,000 Award

British Fliers Relate Their Experience At Luncheon Given By Daily Mail

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 28.—Presenting the check for £5,000 to Lieutenant Hawker and Lieut.-Commander Grieve at the Daily Mail luncheon at the Savoy Hotel today, General Seely said the King broke all red tape and reflected the mind of the people by conferring instantly the Royal Flying Cross on the two gallant aviators.

Lieutenant Hawker and Lieut.-Commander Grieve made brief and very modest speeches deprecating exaggeration of their feat.

Lieutenant Hawker said that had the easterly wind continued after the Americans started he had decided to fly to the Azores. Happily the wind changed. He warmly acknowledged the abundant assistance rendered by the British Admiralty and Air Ministry and ridiculed the idea of dotting ships all over the Atlantic, which would have suggested wrongful distrust of their aeroplane. The Newfoundlanders seemed to think after the Americans started that the British would pack up and go home, but that was not the British way.

Lieut.-Commander Grieve said that the experience gained in the flight proved that the navigation of the air, even with clouds, was no more difficult than navigating the sea.

FATE OF STRIKE HINGES ON ACTION OF SHOPKEEPERS

If They Remain Closed Today Other Industries Will Shut Down

LIKELY TO REOPEN

Chamber Of Commerce Trying To Persuade Them To Yield

TRAINS RUNNING

Students Are Forbidden To Go About Streets In Uniforms

Problematical—that was the only descriptive which could be applied to the strike situation at a late hour last night.

Whether today will see the backbone of the movement broken by the efforts of the Chinese and foreign authorities or whether the demonstration is to extend to a serious general strike, adding many thousands of industrial workers to the 20,000-odd laborers who walked out yesterday and Sunday, and bringing a general paralysis of business, is a matter of entire uncertainty.

It is possible that a number of the shops which have been closed for the past five days will throw open their shutters this morning for a resumption of business following the issuance of a circular yesterday by the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce asking such a move and stating that the Commissioner of Defense and the Acting Taoyin had undertaken to see through the issue of dismissal for the offending officials in Peking. Whether the rest of the shops will fall in line is pure guesswork but such a general resumption of business was regarded as doubtful by those close in touch with the situation.

Rail Strike Impends

The strike of railway employes hangs upon the action of the shopkeepers. Up to 9:30 a.m. today, according to decision by the railway men last night, trains will run as usual. After that hour if the shops are open and business goes on as ordinarily the regular schedules will be maintained. If the shops are closed traffic ceases. The railway men are well organised and representatives from the Northern section of the line are in Shanghai ready to pass the word to their division, which begins at Changchow. According to schedule, the telephone operators should strike this morning, but there is some doubt whether they will.

One thing which was taken last night as an indication that shops will open this morning was the fact that a considerable quantity of meat was slaughtered at the Fearon Road slaughterhouse last night, without opposition from strikers. About 50 head of beef and 100 head of sheep were killed. The animals were taken to the slaughter house under escort of a squad of the American Company, S.V.C., and police constables. A large crowd gathered outside but gave no trouble. The unmolested resumption of slaughtering is in line with the appeal made for reopening the markets by the students, who announced that they wished to inconvenience foreigners as little as possible.

Situation Is Tense

The situation yesterday attained a tenseness which was expected to snap into the most serious trouble thus far, but which eased off suddenly during the latter part of the day and last night was the quietest since the strike began. The authorities were prepared to take drastic steps, the militia was again mobilised and all was in readiness to bring the strike and boycott agitation in the Settlements to a stop.

Following a session which lasted until after midnight of Sunday the Municipal Council issued a notification that after 4 p.m. yesterday no person in uniform, except the constituted authorities, or wearing distinctive dress, badges, sashes or such like insignia would be allowed upon the streets or in any public place. The S.V.C. was mobilised at 3 p.m., police details were streng-

thened and at 5 o'clock squads were sent out to see that the order was in force. They met with no offenders. The students had withdrawn. Early in the evening the various posts of Volunteers were called in and various of the units were held in reserve for emergencies. Save for some crowds in the Central and Hongkew districts which were dispersed there was nothing approaching disorder.

The walk-outs of workers from the Japanese mills were attended with some window smashing but the strike of other laborers saw no trouble, though some of the workers paraded with banners in the early part of the afternoon.

Many Go On Strike

Laborers at the docks, shipyards, iron works, tobacco factories and wharves on both sides of the Whangpoo struck yesterday morning. Chauffeurs throughout the Settlement refused to work, making it necessary for all garages to suspend business. Drivers of private cars agreed to clean and repair machines but refused to drive through the streets.

Electrical fitters of the Shanghai Tramways Company and the Electricity Department of the Shanghai Municipal Council have quit; shipping hongs have suspended; 1,000 employes of the printing department and the menders employed by the British-American Tobacco Company at Pootung walked out yesterday morning and brass-smiths and engineers have also struck.

Workers have deserted Japanese cotton mills in Yangtszepoo and Gordon Road districts. The 15,000 workers employed at the Soochow Creek mills of the Nagai Wata Kaisha on Ferry Road held a demonstration as they walked out. Windows were smashed in all the mills of Gordon Road district as the strikers deserted their benches.

When the employes of Japanese cotton mills on Ichang Road left their work, they made an ineffectual attempt to wreck the machinery while 200 panes of glass were broken at the China and Japan Cotton Spinning and Weaving Company mills when the workers laid down their tools.

Other Trades Involved

Workmen and coolies at Arts and Crafts, Ltd.; Kelly and Walsh, Ltd.; Hall and Holtz; the Woosung Railway Depot, mechanics employed at the Tramway Company shed on Hart Road; brass workers; garage employes; 84 ironworkers employed at the Kung Hsing Iron Works, a Japanese concern at 3272 Yangtszepoo Road, and others have joined the strikers. More trades are expected to be involved today.

Agitators failed to call strikes of servants employed in the hotels of the Settlement and Frenchtown while the motormen and conductors of the tram lines of both Settlements remained loyal to their companies although expected to strike at four o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Officials of the Students' Union stated yesterday that they were making every effort to keep all public utility plants and systems from becoming involved in the strike and would urge all industrial workers to remain at their jobs.

'Phone Co. Makes Preparations

Only emergency calls will be handled by the 40 foreign operators if the telephone company employes fail to report for work this morning.

The police department has made all arrangements for communication between stations in the event of a telephone strike this morning. Wireless, flags, heliograph signals and lights will be used. The Sikh signal division will be ready for work today and signals will be flashed from the towers of the various stations. The Sikhs will use flags during the day and lights at night. If necessary, the police department can be independent of the telephone system.

Representatives of the Chinese staffs of foreign firms will meet this afternoon to consider the attitude to be taken regarding the proposed general strike. Staffs of several firms were prepared to walk out yesterday but were prevailed upon to remain at work and abide by the final decision of the majority.

Parade Broken Up

One band of students, carrying banners and flags, attempted to parade Foochow Road last night. When the procession reached Shanse Road, it was stopped by Special Constables J. J. Keegan, H. F. Landers and Tsao, the latter explaining to the paraders that they were violating the Municipal regulation. After some argument, the leaders insisted on continuing in the opposite direction to which the officers ordered them and after the banners were taken away by the Special Constables, they appealed to the crowds in the streets and tea houses overlooking the corner.

The students and followers, without banners, countermarched down Foochow Road, thousands joining. After turning into Honan Road, the crowd redoubled toward the Central Police Station. When Sikh troopers in the compound saw the mob they mounted their ponies and galloped through the station gate, driving the throng before them. Reserves were turned out and a baton charge cleared the streets, the Chinese scurrying into Honan, Foochow and Kiangse Roads. Heavy guards were placed at the Foochow and Honan Road gates of the station.

Twenty students wearing arm bands who were parading in the Hongkew district last night were brought to Hongkew Police Station by Special Constables. After being cautioned they were released. A large crowd gathered outside the station but made no effort to get past the American Co. sentry on guard at the gate.

The Chinese Students' Union headquarters at 51 Bubbling Well Road were closed yesterday afternoon following the receipt of a notification from the Municipal Council that the premises would be sealed by the police this morning if still open then. The notification from the Council and the reply of the Union, advising that the offices had suspended follow:

Council Room.
Shanghai, June 9, 1919.

To The Chinese Students' Union.

The Council cannot permit of this Foreign Settlement being used as a Center for political agitation and since the activities of your Union in connection with the present agitation are highly prejudicial to peace and good order, you are hereby notified that your offices at No. 51 Bubbling Well Road will be closed and sealed up by the Police on Tuesday, June 10 at 10 a.m. unless such activities are discontinued before the date and hour.

By order,
(Signed) N. O. Liddell,
Secretary.

N. O. Liddell, Esq.,
Secretary,
Shanghai Municipal Council.

Sir,—In reply to your letter of today the Shanghai Students' Union informs the Municipal Council that they desire to co-operate with that body in every way possible to prevent discord and preserve peace in the International Settlement.

In evidence thereof we state that our officers learned of the wish of the Council late on Sunday evening and immediately sent out messengers to all colleges and students centers directing that there should be no further demonstrations on the streets by parading, carrying banners, wearing uniforms, badges or other insignia with the result that there has been no activity today.

We appreciate the fact that the Council is with us in spirit and that the American, British, French, Italian and other friendly nationals sympathise with us.

We have removed the headquarters from Bubbling Well Road.

Respectfully yours,
By Ho Pao-lin,
President.

Shops Refuse To Open

Attempts of the Nantao and Chapel authorities to persuade the shopkeepers of those districts to reopen their establishments yesterday and Sunday met with complete failure and up to last night the stores remained tightly closed, a number having been opened briefly under orders of the military.

Martial law was declared in Nantao Sunday evening when traffic was brought to a standstill and steps were taken to check communications after dark.

On Sunday two proclamations were issued in Nantao and Chapel urging the merchants to resume business and General Lu Yung-hsiang, local Defense Commissioner, ordered the immediate reopening of the shops and the arrest of all who dared ask the merchants to strike. All such agitators he characterised as being of the same order as ordinary tufei, who should be dealt with as such. Mr. Hsu Kuo-liang, chief of the Nantao police, sought to point out to the merchants that they were the ones who would suffer in the long run and instructed them to advise the students, should any ask them to maintain the strike, that they had been ordered by the Defense Commissioner and the chief of police to throw open their places of business. Police officers made a shop to shop canvass, delivering speeches explaining the contents of the proclamations and urging their hearers to take down the shutters.

Under the order of the military police a few of the shops opened, but as soon as the soldiery moved on, up went the shutters again.

On The Lighter Side

In many instances the matter took on a humorous turn. Shopkeepers presented many glib excuses for keeping business suspended.

"Our employes have all gone to the country," was the most general explanation. "We can't reopen with our present staff."

Others declared that their establishments had gone into voluntary liquidation but promised that they would get going again as soon as their affairs had been settled up.

Some said they were thinking of selling out and one naive proprietor inquired anxiously of the police officer if he would care to buy a good business.

Still others blandly stated that business had been so rushing during the last month on account of the boycott that they were content to relax for a time and were giving their staffs a deserved vacation.

On many shops had been hung the simple announcement "Closed for the Summer."

There were a number who staunchly announced that they would keep to their decision to remain closed. "We pay our taxes and our rent," they told the police. "Why should you interfere with us?"

In a few instances the police tried to arrest those who refused to open their shops on demand but in every case crowds pressed forward and offered themselves to be taken into custody and the officials were constrained to turn all free.

Run On Chinese Bank

Over 1,500 people started a run on the Bank of Communications yesterday morning and police from Central Station were sent to keep the crowd in order. The bank paid out over $200,000 before the run stopped at three o'clock.

Students Deprecate Labor Strike

Speeches deprecating a general strike and urging active steps to prevent such a development were made yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the Returned Students' Club.

The speakers declared emphatically that the students are not in favor of such a strike and that they desire the working population to remain at their tasks and stated that they would do all that they could to prevent the industries from stopping.

The meeting also took steps toward a further strengthening of the student movement and appointed a committee to try and dispel any misunderstanding which may arise between Chinese and foreigners. Another committee of five men was named to form an advisory body to the students and enable them to pursue more effective methods toward attaining their ends.

A Committee of Chinese lawyers from among the returned students was organised to assist the students with legal problems which may arise and a budget of $1,500 was passed to support a general secretary whose duty will be to unite all returned students in the country in the movement. Mr. Y. S. Tsao, formerly Acting Chinese Consul-General in London, will be general secretary, with temporary headquarters at the Chinese Y.M.C.A.

Sunday Night Busy One

Inspector J. A. MacKenzie of the Hongkew Station, who saved the life of Messrs. Dobbey and Son's compradore Saturday afternoon, again distinguished himself for bravery Sunday night when he prevented a crowd from seriously injuring a Chinese servant of the Hoyokwan Hotel. The servant had been sent to a shop at 1196 Hanbury Road to purchase Japanese beer and here he was attacked. The store was damaged. One was injured so badly in the melee that he was sent to the St. Luke's Hospital. Sergeant MacKenzie held the crowd from the servant and fired two shots into the air when his position became precarious.

Three Japanese were arrested at 11 o'clock Sunday night at 362 Miller Road by Warning Officer Gilson and Special Constable Hening. They are held at the Japanese Constable jail on the charge of assault. The officers were summoned to the house by a Chinese who had been stabbed in the head and about the body. He told the constables that Japanese had attacked him. With Sikh and Chinese constables the specials entered the house and found six Japanese, two of whom were wounded. When they were searched, a knife bearing blood stains dropped from the clothes of one.

Detectives who investigated the case learned that an altercation had taken place between a Chinese and one K. Iwasaki. Other Japanese participated in the quarrel and the Chinese and two Japanese received stab wounds.

A Japanese in Chinese clothes was arrested by Hongkew Police Sunday. Chinese told policemen that the Japanese was stabbing little children with a large awl which was found in his clothing. He was turned over to the Japanese authorities.

Following a report from St. John's University that a Japanese in Chinese clothes was attempting to poison children, Settlement detectives arrested an insane Chinese carrying a satchel containing tablets labelled "poison." An analysis is being made of the tablets before charges are made against the Chinese.

The following is a translation issued by the Shanghai Students' Union today:

"The strike has been a success because of the peace and order maintained by all. Foreigners have on the whole sympathised with us. Our strike is against our government, not against the foreigners. America, Great Britain and France have been our friends. It is the duty of the population to suppress the evil elements.

"Do not interfere with the movement of food.

"All markets, food shops, butcheries and groceries should open immediately.

"We do not want the foreigner to interfere in our movement. We must therefore not interfere with him."

The students have requested the Shanghai-Ningpo Guild to send the following message to the fish merchants of Ningpo.

"Send fish to Shanghai. Friendly foreigners must not be made to suffer.—Shanghai Students' Union."

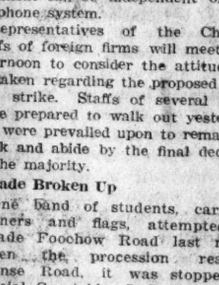
In compliance with the request of the Shanghai merchants and educational leaders, General Lu Yung-hsiang despatched a telegram to President Hsu Shih-chang and Premier Chien Nung-hsun Sunday, requesting the immediate dismissal of Tsao Ju-lin, Chang Tsung-hsiang and Lu Chung-yu. He stated that the strike has been originated by the students, had affected the merchants and was about to take a hold among laborers.

The spark has ignited the flame, reads the message, and unless proper measures are taken to meet the situation, a great catastrophe will result. As Shanghai is the center of commercial China and the entire country looks to it for guidence and advice, it should not be left in a state of tumult. Since the educational bodies in Shanghai are firm in their demand for the dismissal of the officials, General Lu recommended that their request be decided to.

A joint proclamation was issued yesterday by General Lu, Mr. Yang Tchang, Commissioner of Foreign Affairs and Taoyin Shen Pao-chang, urging the Shanghai merchants to resume their business today. It stated that during the four days of the strike all the trades have been abandoned and the money market is tied up. Now that the aim of the commercial and educational bodies

(Continued on Page 3)

When you're thirsty
try a glass of iced
AMERICAN
APPLE CIDER
At all clubs, hotels and stores
Connell Bros. Co., *Agents.*



American
Soda Fountain
Sullivan's
Sullivan's Fine Candies
11 Nanking Road

Which Shall It Be?
Walk or Ride at Fifty?

Tomorrow never comes! The time to begin to settle this question is—TODAY!

Spend less than you EARN, lay away in the Savings Bank regularly a stated sum each week—and long before FIFTY you will be driving your own CAR or having someone else DRIVE it FOR you!

Can't begin too young. A dollar will start you—then try to see how fast you can make it grow!

4 percent allowed on savings. Open an account without delay!

The American-Oriental Banking Corporation
15 Nanking Road, Shanghai

Come to our Office

and let us convince you that in investing your savings or your spare cash in the purchase of land in Shanghai and its immediate vicinity, you are not running the slightest risk.

BUY THE LAND
and then watch your purchase grow in value.

CHINA REALTY CO., LTD.
REAL ESTATE—ARCHITECTS—INSURANCE
Corner of Kiangse and Nanking Roads.
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A first essential of the practical Roof is durability—it must give long and continuously satisfactory service. It must also be a Roof that suits the building. It must be absolutely watertight and weather-proof. It should give adequate fire protection. It should include all these essentials at low cost. All these essentials are found in

***Certain-teed* Roofs**

There is a type of *Certain-teed* Roof for buildings of every sort, from inexpensive shelters to splendid residences. In every form it offers the advantages of long and satisfactory service at a price that is surprisingly reasonable. You ought to know—it will save you money to know—how thoroughly excellent, suitable, and economical a *Certain-teed* Roof is.

We have stocks and Service Department at Shanghai and principal outports.

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BUILDING DIVISION
SHANGHAI
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Peking, Tientsin, Tsinan, Hankow, Canton, Urga, Vladivostock, Kalgan, Hongkong, Harbin, Yunnanfu, Changsha.

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At all CLUBS, HOTELS and BARS
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Brand
ROLLER FLOUR
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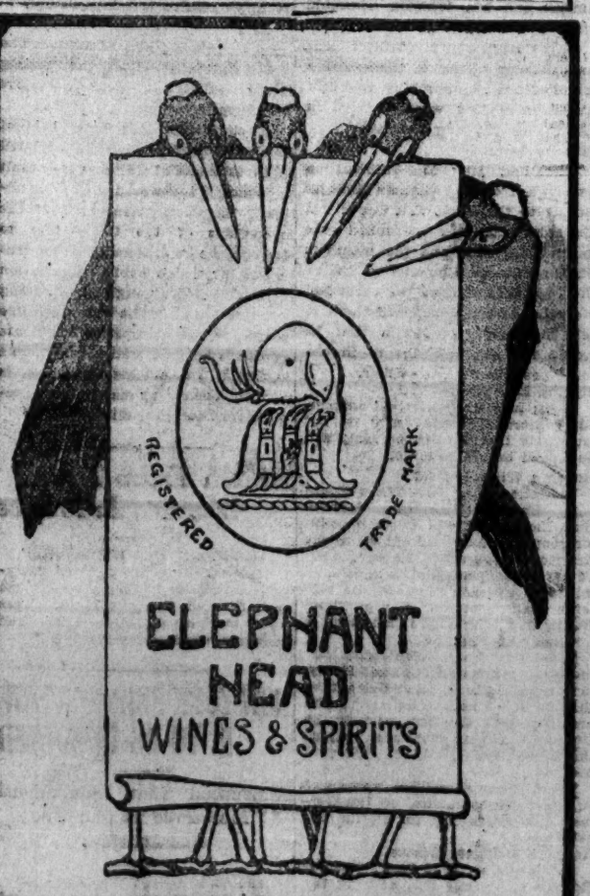
The Highest Grade Flour milled in Shanghai. Manufactured under the supervision of an American Miller.

Cheaper
than any kind of imported flour
Quality
equal to the best imported flour

Ask for "GREEN LABEL"

Fou Foong Flour Mill Co.
HEAD OFFICE:
57 Peking Road: Phone, Central 154
We are doing both wholesale and retail business, and will send goods to destination ordered.
AGENCIES:
Ting Sheng Rice Shop, Broadway.
Heng Sheng Rice Shop, French Concession.



Whether Strike Will Continue Now Depends On Shanghai Shopkeepers

(Continued from Page 2)

has been reached, the strike should come to an end.

The assistance of the United States and Great Britain to restore the sovereignty of China to the Chinese was invoked in an appeal sent yesterday to the American and British peace delegates in Paris through their Legations in Peking by the Y.W.C.A., the Shanghai Social Service League and the Shanghai Returned Woman Students' Club. The local organisations stated that the Chinese look to the governments of these two nations for securing peace terms which will recognise the sovereignty of the Chinese people.

The three organisations also addressed a warning to President Hsu Shih-chang and the Peking Cabinet, pointing out that the situation is assuming a serious aspect with the entire laboring class on the verge of a strike; and that the Government should take heed of the situation and avoid a serious catastrophe.

The Shanghai General Chamber of Commerce yesterday issued the following circular:

"To press their demands for the release of the Peking students and the dismissal of Tsao Ju-lin, Lu Tsung-yu and Chang Tsung-hsiang, the local merchants have gone on strike. Now according to a telegram received from the Ministry of Education, the students have all returned to their schools and the situation at the capital is practically what it was before. With regard to the dismissal of Tsao, Lu and Chang, the Defense Commissioner and the Acting Taoyin have undertaken to become responsible to see the issue through and they have urgently telegraphed the government to meet the wishes of the people in this matter. As a result of a meeting this morning, it was resolved that in view of the release of the students and in view of the undertaking of the Defense Commissioner to attain the aim of the dismissal of the officials concerned, it is important to prevent the dangerous developments that will follow the stagnation of the money market and the strike of the industrial workers. As the General Chamber of Commerce is responsible for helping to maintain the situation, it is its duty to notify the public and to persuade them to abandon their strike from June 10 (Fifth moon, 13th day) when it is hoped all shops will be reopened and work resumed by the industrial classes. Special attention is called to the directions of this circular."

Patrols were started from Central, Louza and Hongkew stations with instructions to take into custody all wearing arm bands, or uniforms, carrying banners or distributing handbills. Similar measures were taken by the French police. Crowds were thick on the principal thoroughfares shortly before 5 o'clock and then came the rain, which cleared the streets in effective style.

Circulars urging the formation of a union of Chinese Police Constables made their appearance yesterday. The source of the bills could not be traced.

Canton Merchants Rally To Support Of Students There

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Canton, June 8.—The merchants are joining the students in a movement for the organising of committees and of lecturers to visit the district cities for the purpose of urging an anti-Japanese boycott.

A meeting of the leading Chinese merchants in Canton passed the following resolution:

(1) Merchants will not accept delivery of "low-grade goods" they have ordered.

(2) Low-grade goods in stock must be distinctly labelled and be saleable at reduced rates.

(3) When stocks are cleared merchants will not be permitted to replenish them.

Dealers violating the foregoing will be exposed in the newspapers.

The Students' Conference at Canton has postponed the demonstration announced for June 7 for a huge bonfire of Japanese goods. The students are considering the formation of a social club with the object of discouraging the use of Japanese goods by refraining from patronising the department stores selling them.

Peking Students Continue To Hold Demonstrations

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, June 5.—Following their visit to the presidency yesterday when the girl students protested against their brothers being treated as coolies, parties of girl students paraded the streets today amid the greatest enthusiasm of the people.

The new commandant of gendarmerie appears to be adopting the measures advocated by the militarists in dealing with the students. Upwards of a thousand students are now in custody in various parts of the city, and it is freely reported that they have not been supplied with food for over forty hours.

There is every indication that the students intend to continue their demonstrations until all are in custody. The Government declares that no definite policy towards the students has been adopted. Meanwhile the gendarmerie are in the saddle and are riding in the direction of a great upheaval, unable to see or unwilling to admit that the student body represents the great middle classes in China from all the provinces of the North and some of the South.

Fresh reports are in circulation of Marshal Tuan's early assumption of the Premiership, as a first step towards the Presidency. His militarist supporters believe that military assistance can be obtained if necessary from Japan to quell a popular uprising against them, but they fail to recognise the fact that Far Eastern politics are gradually but surely coming under the influence of the world powers, and that militarism will not exercise the same unfettered opportunity to flourish the sword and bludgeon the weak into submission that was presented while Europe was at war.

Peking, June 8.—The Government has acceded to the students' demand for the appointment of a Pacification Commissioner, who, accompanied by four Delegates, visited the students at the Law College yesterday afternoon and offered an apology, after which the students returned to the colleges.

President Hsu Questioned By Peking Girl Students

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, June 5.—The girl students of Peking have once again taken an active part in the national movement. Yesterday afternoon at half past four they gathered at the Tien An Men 700 strong and marched to the Hsin Hua Men, one of the main entrances to the President's palace. Twelve schools were represented in the parade, including the students of the Girls' Normal College, who had been locked up in their compound by principal Fang and had to break open a back gate in order to be present.

At the Hsin Hua Men the main body of the girl paraders waited while a delegation of four went in to see President Hsu. As the President was unable to receive them, they had a long interview with one of his secretaries, asking him why the Government treated the students as "tufei," or bandits; why soldiers were allowed to turn the Government University into a barracks and a jail; and why the Government suppressed the development of home industries instead of encouraging them.

Neither the police nor the gendarmerie made any attempt to molest the girls as they paraded through the city, and all of the girl students returned in safety to their respective schools before eight o'clock last evening.

BOYCOTT IN ICHOWFU

(*China Press Correspondence*)

Ichowfu, Shantung, June 4.—The largest school parade ever seen in Ichowfu took place last Saturday when over 2,000 school children representing practically all the schools within a radius of 25 miles took part in the anti-Japanese demonstration. Enthusiasm ran high and many patriotic speeches were made. The Chamber of Commerce got busy and served notice on all shops to dispose of goods before August First or they would be confiscated. There is also an effort to develop home industries and replace with native goods those that were formerly bought from Japan. The town is covered with anti-Japanese posters of all kinds.

Wheat is unusually good and the farmers are busy harvesting. Both wheat and koaliang have fallen in price and are cheaper than they have been in many years.

NANKING IS CLOSED UP

(*China Press Correspondence*)

Nanking, June 7.—The strike among business houses, which was originated in Shanghai, has been greatly appreciated by the Chinese stores here. Every store has begun to strike since the 6th inst.

The Nanking students of the different schools went out to the different commercial centers in this city yesterday afternoon to urge the manager of every store to join the strike as their brethern in Shanghai have done, and exhorted them not to shrink from whatever oppositions they may probably receive from the government.

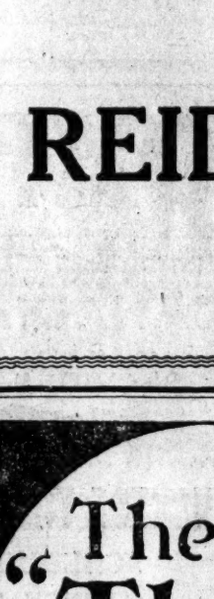
Early this morning every school was ordered by the Nanking Students Union to have its own demonstration and to urge every business house not to open. Every school followed the order and went to have each of its own demonstration this morning. It was said that, during the demonstration, some of the students were badly injured by the bayonets of the police. Your correspondents heard from some reliable resources that a coolie who was not guilty of anything was also wounded on the arm and was

(Continued on Page 4)

AMERICAN
APPLE CIDER
THE KING OF
NON-ALCOHOLIC DRINKS
At all clubs, hotels and stores.
Connell Bros. Co., *Agents*

"PRICELESS"
is a popular way of describing anything which has proved to be of exceptional value, and may therefore be employed to describe that old and favourite preparation—Beecham's Pills. The ever-increasing army of men and women who have experience of this excellent medicine generally use some such phrase as "priceless" or "Worth a guinea a box" when speaking of Beecham's Pills. This is certainly high praise. But it is well-merited. Beecham's Pills have proved, times out of number, to be a "priceless" preparation in the treatment of digestive ailments. They bring relief; they safeguard the health; they effect remarkable cures. All who suffer in any way from biliousness, sick headache, constipation, impaired appetite, and the resulting loss of energy and want of tone, should take
BEECHAM'S PILLS
Sold everywhere in boxes, price 1/1½ (56 pills) & 2/9 (168 pills).

Grant's Stand Fast
Scotch Whisky of Pre-War Strength



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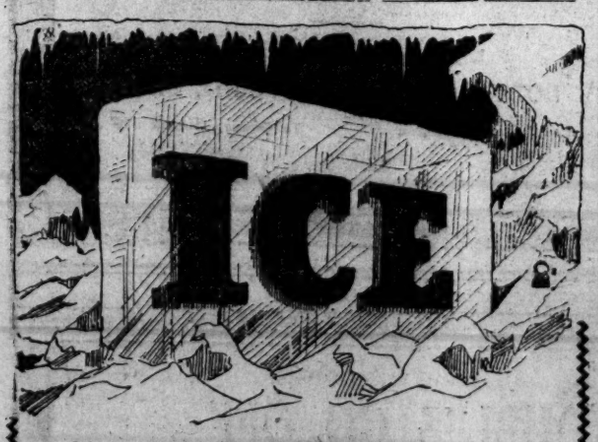

If you could only see
the sources from which the ice commonly called "Native" is collected, you would never have it in the house. It contaminates your food and drink supply, and endangers your life and the lives of those dear to you.

Our
PURE, MACHINE-MADE ICE
is delivered free anywhere in the Settlements at 2½ Cents (Mex.) per lb.

Send your order to:—
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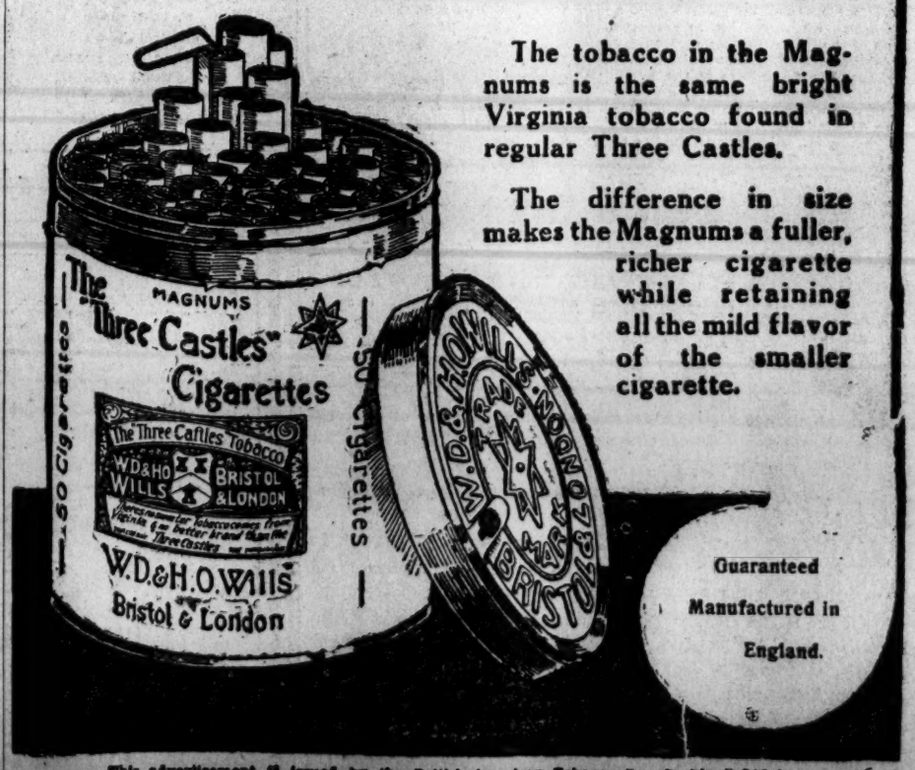
Edward Ezra Building, 24 Nanking Road
Tel. Cent. 662/63; after office hours—North 663

The "Three Castles"
Virginia Cigarettes
MAGNUMS
Better because larger.



The tobacco in the Magnums is the same bright Virginia tobacco found in regular Three Castles.

The difference in size makes the Magnums a fuller, richer cigarette while retaining all the mild flavor of the smaller cigarette.

Guaranteed
Manufactured in
England.

This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Co. (China) Ltd.

Whether Strike Continues Depends On Shopkeepers

(Continued from Page 3)

brought to the Government Tsinan Institute by the students.

NANCHANG SCHOOLS STRIKE

(*China Press Correspondence*)

Nanchang, Kiangsi, June, 4.—In a hotly debated meeting yesterday afternoon at the Students Union it was decided that all the schools of the city would join the strike movement. The authorities saw the impending strike several days ago and declared a three-day vacation. But the students maintained that they would not be outflanked so easily and so struck. They have furthermore flatly refused to take their examinations, which were scheduled for next week, two weeks ahead of time.

It is the purpose of the Nanchang students to remain in their schools all summer in order to keep the movement alive. They say that their aims will be defeated should they return home. They are so strongly organised that it will be impossible for the principals to dismiss them from the dormitories.

NANCHANG IS CALMER

(*China Press Correspondence*)

Nanchang, Kiangsi, June 3.—The row caused by the action of the members of the Provincial Assembly in raising their own salaries has somewhat subsided due to the stand taken by the two governors. Yesterday both the Civil and Military Governors issued proclamations guaranteeing that the salaries would not be paid. They maintained that it was the will of the people that public money should not be spent in such reckless fashion.

The assemblymen in retaliation issued complaints against the leaders in an attempt to bring them into court. It is reported this morning, however, that the local court has refused to accept the cases.

Notes Of Strike

Seventy girls employed by the American General Electric Company, 15 Robinson Road, quit yesterday. There was a parley and the girls agreed to come back when the manager offered no objection to their sending a telegram to the president.

When the fish course came on at the Municipal Reformatory table yesterday it was received with disdain by the inmates. They refused to eat it. "It's Japanese fish," said they.

One foreigner, hearing of the chauffeurs' strike, asked his chauffeur if he would drive the car down to the office yesterday morning. "Yes, if you're willing to take a chance on the machine," the chauffeur said.

A humorous turning of the tables as regards the issuance of instructions against bill posting figured in a sign appearing on a shop in North Fokien Road yesterday. The sign, in English, read: "To Our Foreign Friends—Please Do Not Tear Down Signs or Indulge In Other Acts of Violence."

The boycott of Japanese goods has found its reflection in the Philippines, according to the latest Manila papers. The Chinese merchants of the island have agreed to back up the protest instituted here and it is known that a large number of Chinese engaged in the merchandising business have refused to handle articles of Japanese origin.

Police escorts will be provided this morning if necessary for deliveries by foreign firms dealing in foodstuffs.

Many posters in both Chinese and English are making their appearance on shop fronts. "We Back the Students" and "Do Not be Violent" are most common. One on a shop at the corner of Peking and Honan Roads read "Students Invited to Stop and Have a Cup of Tea."

To advise the striking students on constructive lines and to try to prevent a labor strike, Chinese Christians were organised yesterday at a meeting attended by prominent members of the Chinese community including Dr. T. H. Lee of Fu Tan College, Mr. S. K. Tsao of the Y. M. C. A., Pastor Cheng Chin-yi and Mr. P. K. Chen of the China Continuation Committee. The meeting decided to appoint a lecture committee to conduct a campaign of patriotic movements along constructive lines.

The appearance on the streets of a large number of Buddhist priests Sunday and yesterday led people who have been in China many years to forecast trouble.

Sleeping quarters were provided for special constables and volunteers at the various police stations last night. The police anticipated trouble and the volunteers will be on duty until noon today.

The windows of Japanese shops on Boone Road and nearby streets are protected by boards and heavy police details patrol the district.

A detail of police guarded the Tramway Company carbarns on Yangtszepoo Road yesterday morning. A crowd assembled but there was no trouble.

Foreigners who rise early may secure fruits and vegetables at the markets. Yesterday morning, farmers brought foodstuffs to the various markets at five o'clock and as there were no buyers, they took away their goods two hours later.

Three Chinese were arrested yesterday morning at the Ward Road Market for intimidating merchants.

The police department estimates the number of laborers on strike at over 23,000.

Students of the Ellis Kadoorie School have struck. They number 120.

Veterans Of War To Talk On Friday

Returned war veterans will give short talks about the war at the Masonic Hall Friday night at 9:15 o'clock under the auspices of the St. Andrew's Society and the Royal Society of St. George. Sir Havilland de Sausmarez, judge of the British Supreme Court, will preside and a collection will be made on behalf of the United Service Association. Among those who are scheduled to speak are Major M. Reader Harris, M.C., 13th London Regiment (Kensingtons); Major M. H. Logan, M. C., Royal Engineers; Capt. Alister St. Clair Campbell, Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, and Lieut. E. H. McMichael, Westminister Dragoons.

News Brevities

It is announced that every morning at 8 o'clock there will be a gathering at the Chinese Y.M.C.A., 120 Szechuen Road, for prayer concerning the present situation in Shanghai and other parts of China. All persons, foreign and Chinese, are invited to attend.

* * *

Subscriptions during the week ending June 7 for the British Women's Work Association amounted to $3,814.64 of which $3,000 was donated by the Shanghai Race Club.

* * *

Mr. Emil M. Scholz, former publisher of the New York Evening Post, arrived in Shanghai yesterday from Tsingtau. Mr. Scholz has been traveling in Japan, Siberia and North China and expects to visit the Philippines and Hongkong before returning to the United States.

* * *

The Collegiate Department and Middle School of St. John's University closed for the term at noon last Thursday. The Commencement Day Exercises and all other functions connected with graduation have been cancelled.

Jason Goes Ashore Outside Vladivostok

Butterfield And Swire Receive Word Blue Funnel Steamer Is Grounded

The Blue Funnel steamer Jason, from New York to Vladivostok and Shanghai, has gone ashore at the entrance to Vladivostok Harbor, according to word received yesterday by Messrs. Butterfield and Swire.

The steamer is reported to be making water in her No. 1 hold and her cargo is presently being discharged into lighters. Messrs. Butterfield and Swire's Vladivostok office wires that prospects for refloating the vessel are considered favorable, but naturally the accident will cause a certain amount of delay to the steamer and her cargo.

New Cabinet Succeeds Hoffmann Ministry

(*Reuter's Agency War Service*)

Copenhagen, May 31.—The Hoffmann Ministry has resigned in order to enable the formation of a Ministry on a broader basis.

All France Rejects Claims Of Germans

(Continued from Page 1)

to the Austrian delegates here today.

Steel-helmeted, unarmed troops surrounded the chateau, the hall of which is much smaller than that at Versailles while about twice as many people had been crowded into it with the result that the impressiveness of the scene was greatly marred.

The Austrian Delegation, headed by Dr. Renner and escorted by an Italian officer, arrived at 12:22 p.m., all in top hats and tail coats, in contrast to the British delegates, many of whom were unconventionally attired; for example, Mr. Lloyd George was wearing a grey lounge suit.

Clemencean Is Speaker

The session was formally opened at 12:22. M. Clemenceau made a three-minute speech in French, which was translated into English, then into Italian and then into German.

M. Dutasta presented the terms to the Austrians at 12:37 p.m.

The Austrian Chancellor then made a speech in German and complained of the delay in the presentation of the terms. He declared that the Austrian Republic is entirely free of the Hapsburg Dynasty and never would have declared war itself.

The session came to a conclusion at 12:50.

Chinese Society Acts

Paris, May 31.—The Chinese Society for International Peace at a meeting just held in Paris states that China should sign the Peace Treaty only on condition of all adopting the following resolution:

"That the Chinese Delegation to the Peace Conference should abstain from signing the Peace Treaty unless a reserve can be made of the clauses respecting the question of Kiaochow and Shantung."

Germany Is Flirting With Bolshevists Of Russia And Hungary

Organisation On Large Scale Including Turkey And The Balkans Is Plan

(*Reuter's Agency War Service*)

Stockholm, May 28.—The Russo-Scandinavian Information Bureau learns in a message from Berne that negotiations between the Germans and the Russian Bolshevists are in full swing and are being conducted through the well known socialist Parvus who is residing in Switzerland and who is also negotiating with the Hungarian Bolshevists in order to organise a common front.

The task of making an agreement between Germany and the Russian Soviet Government has been entrusted to Parvus owing to his intimate connection with both Herr Scheidemann and Count von Brockdorff-Rantzan and Trotsky.

The plan to organise Bolshevism on a large scale in most of the European countries, including Turkey and the Balkans is being elaborated with a view to the possible eventuality of Germany not signing the Peace Treaty.

It is reported that Parvus is trying to establish a complete abandonment of terrorism as a basis for the Russo-German agreement.

Parvus is a shareholder in all the leading German social-democratic papers.

THE
Chinese Benevolent Association

On account of the closing of the stores in Shanghai and consequent upset to business, we have decided to

POSTPONE
the Drawing Date for One Week

Instead of June 8th. it will take place on June 15th.

23929

O.V.B.
OREGON VERY BEST
A Refreshing, Healthful Beverage
Gande, Price & Co., Agents

Every day your complexion
pays toll to dust and wind

The rough, cold winds chap and roughen the skin; dry heated air draws and parches it. The constant strain under which we live—the ceaseless activity of crowded days, the constant effort, the lack of rest—all these things take daily toll of the complexion.

You can protect your complexion from the wear and tear of both summer and winter—can prevent that tired, drawn look from appearing in your face, by giving your skin the care it needs.

Apply a little Pond's Vanishing Cream when you motor or travel; rub it in lightly. This will protect the sensitive pores from grit and grime, will keep your skin free from that parched feeling that generally follows exposure to dust and dirt.

It has a wonderfully beautifying effect, and as a base for powder it is so effective that one powdering is sufficient for the whole evening.

This fragrant, dewy cream contains a skin-softening ingredient of great value, one that skin specialists recognize as most efficient in keeping the skin supple, for giving it the transparent freshness everyone admires.

Send for free samples

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Sold Everywhere

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have been rendering the most satisfactory service in home and factory. Made in 8,000 kinds and styles for Indicating, Recording and Controlling Temperature.

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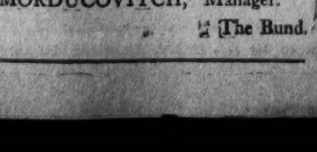
There's a Tycos Thermometer for Every Purpose.



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Empress of Asia	14 June
Empress of Japan	27 June
Empress of Russia	12 July
Monteagle	25 July
Empress of Asia	9 August

SHANGHAI TO HONGKONG

EMPRESS of JAPAN - - - - - - - - JUNE 16
EMPRESS of RUSSIA - - via Manila - - JUNE 27

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P. A. COX
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Tel: Central 181

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SPECIAL FACILITIES GRANTED FOR SHIPMENTS TO AND FROM RUSSIA. Marine and War Insurance risk covered on first class policies at lowest current rates.

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WALK-OVERS GO ON SHOE TROUBLES GO OFF
BE FITTED TO YOUR
WHITE FOOTWEAR
TO-DAY WHILE WE HAVE YOUR SIZE
WHITE KID NUBUCK CANVAS SHOES

WALK-OVER SHOE STORE
"The Store Ahead"
24 NANKING ROAD
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-:- Races At Kiangwan -:-

The chauffeurs' strike and the general unsettled conditions in Shanghai were reflected in the attendance at Kiangwan yesterday when the season's racing closed. There was a noticeable decrease in the number of Chinese bettors and spectators.

The big race of the day, the Horseshoe Handicap, was won by Twenty-two Carat, raiden by Mr. C. T. Chu who brought the pony home through a sea of mud and water, to the accompaniment of salvos of thunder. Lanchester, Mr. F. R. Vida up, was second in the event while Nirvana, the hot favorite, ran a dead heat with King of Diamonds for third. Twenty-two Carat paid its backers $66.70, one of the two sizeable dividends of the day.

The storm broke over the track during the sixth race and continued to the end of the program, the last event approaching to a swimming contest.

The detailed results follow:

1.—The Greenham Handicap.—Value $300. 2nd pony $100. 3rd pony $50. For all China ponies. Weights will be published on morning of the race. Top weight will not be more than 170 lbs. and lowest weight 145 lbs.—Five furlongs.

lbs.
Mr. Shamoon's bay Bonanza (Mr. Knoll) .....162—1
Messrs. Harry and Joe's ches. Soft Thing (Mr. Vida) ...150—2
Mr. Foh Sing's ches. Tyrant (Mr. Johnstone) .....158—3

Also ran: Charing Cross (Mr. Hill), Firelight (Mr. Moller), Daintylight (Mr. Hulthen), Battersea (Mr. Morriss), Rushton (Mr. de Zutter), Eastern Star (Mr. Toeg) and Christmas Day (Mr. Nagai).

Won by a length and a half; a length and a half. Time—1 min. 13 1-5 sec.

Pari-mutuel—for win, $11.70; for place, $6.00; $7.60 and $6.70.

Cash sweep—first, 315; second, 255; third, 78; unplaced—259, 237, 125, 100, 322, 35, 243, 186 and 384.

2.—The Public Selling Plate.—Value $400. 2nd pony $100. 3rd pony $50. For China ponies. Winner if entered to be sold for $400, weight for inches as per scale; if to be sold for $300, allowed 5 lbs.; if to be sold for $200, allowed 10 lbs.—One and a quarter miles.

lbs.
Mr. Chow Sing's Three of Spades (Mr. Vida) .....148—1
Mr. J. Spunt's Persianlight (Mr. Moller) .....148—2
Mr. Edmund's dun Yellowstone (Mr. Hill) .....148—3

Also ran: Mormon (Mr. Knoll), Johnston (Mr. Heard), New Star (Mr. Johnstone) and Haruna (Mr. Nagai).

Won by one length; length and a half. Time—2 min. 39 3-5 sec.

Pari-mutuel—for win, $18.00 for place, $7.90; $11.90 and $12.50.

Cash sweep—first, 199; second, 113; third, 159; unplaced—191, 160, 315 and 148.

3.—The Newbrook Stakes.—Value $300. 2nd pony $100. 3rd pony $50. For China ponies. Weight for inches as per scale. Winners at this meeting, 5 lbs. extra. Maidens, allowed 10 lbs.—One and a quarter miles.

lbs.
Messrs. Toeg and Speelman's Triumph (Mr. Ezra) .....157—1
Mr. C. R. Burkill's grey Winsome Dalila (Mr. Morriss) 155—2
Mr. Tucksong's grey Guiding Star (Mr. Hill) .....158—3

Also ran: Kirishima (Mr. Nagai) and Illumination (Mr. Knoll).

Won by many length; three-quarters of a length. Time—2 min. 38 4-5 sec.

Pari-mutuel—for win, $7.50; for place, $6.60; $9.20 and $—

Cash sweep—first, 29; second, 132; third, 252; unplaced—162 and 241.

4.—The Omnium Handicap.—Value $400. 2nd pony $100. 3rd pony $50. For griffins of the year that have started at Kiangwan. Weights will be published on morning of the race. Top weight will not be more than 168 lbs. and lowest weight 147 lbs. Winners after publication of the weights, to carry 5 lbs. extra.—Nine furlongs.

lbs.
Mr. Tah Yuan's grey Great Star (Mr. Heard) .....159—1
Messrs. Sky and Hickley's brown Hallow-E'en (Mr. Johnstone) .....160—2
Mr. Hart's grey Motorist (Mr. Moller) .....155—3

Also ran: Michigan (Mr. Vida), Newcastle (Mr. Rowe), San Merci (Mr. Knoll), Roseway (Mr. Yih), Amerton (Mr. Toeg), Hinode (Mr. Hill) and Takao (Mr. Nagai).

Won by half length; three lengths. Time—2 min. 31 1-5 sec.

Pari-mutuel—for win, $11.70; for place, $6.20; $8.50 and $7.50.

Cash sweep—first, 220; second, 321; third, 155; unplaced—409, 161, 393, 361, 32, 375 and 267.

5.—The Badminton Stakes.—Value $300. 2nd pony $100. 3rd pony $50. For China ponies. Weight for inches as per scale. Ponies that have won 3 races this year, 5 lbs. extra; if more, 10 lbs. extra. Non-winners of this year, allowed 5 lbs. Maidens, allowed 10 lbs.—One mile.

lbs.
Messrs. Toeg and Speelman's ches. Wilson (Mr. Ezra)..157—1
Mr. Foh Sing's dun Yellow Diamond (Mr. Yih) .....150—2
Mr. Perchang's grey Reformation (Mr. Heard) .....155—3

Also ran: The Hornbill (Mr. Rowe), The Kangani, (Mr. Knoll), Pennyfield (Mr. Morriss) and Triumphant Star (Mr. Hill).

Won by half length; half length. Time—2 min. 03 1-5 sec.

Pari-mutuel—for win, $14.40; for place, $6.40; $10.30 and $13.60.

Cash sweep—first, 9; second, 257; third, 338; unplaced—39, 289, 131 and 291.

6.—The Whit-Monday Selling Plate.—Value $400. 2nd pony $100. 3rd pony $50. For China ponies. Winner if entered to be sold for $300, weight for inches as per scale; if to be sold for $200, allowed 5 lbs.; if to be sold for $100, allowed 10 lbs.—Seven furlongs.

lbs.
Messrs. Fay and Seth's brown Battersea (Mr. Heard) ...150—1
Messrs. Toeg and Speelman's black Poppy (Mr. Hill)...148—2
Mr. Lamerton's brown Rocksand (Mr. Rowe) .....155—3

Also ran: Dairy (Mr. Toeg), Golden Sheen (Mr. Morriss), Easter Egg (Mr. Yih), Battle King (Mr. Knoll) and Goletta (Mr. Nagai).

Won by length; a neck. Time—1 min. 48 4-5 sec.

Pari-mutuel—for win, $40.90; for place, $7.60; $5.90 and $6.00.

Cash sweep—first, 147; second, 398; third, 221; unplaced—355, 160, 317, 357 and 185.

7.—The Horseshoe Handicap.—Value $400. 2nd pony $100. 3rd pony $50. For China ponies that have started at either the 53rd, 54th or 55th meeting. Weights will be published on morning of the race. Winners after publication of the weights, to carry 5 lbs. extra.—One and a quarter miles.

lbs.
Mr. Vigilant's ches. Twenty-two Carat (Mr. C. T. Chu) .....148—1
Mr. Langsing's ches. Lanchester (Mr. Vida) .....144—2
Mr. Chow Sung's King of Diamonds (Mr. Hill) .....158—3
Mr. Fay's brown Nirvana (Mr. Heard) .....152—3

Also ran: Runaway Light (Mr. Knoll) and Realization (Mr. Nagai).

Won by three-quarters length and half length. Time—2 min. 51 3-5 sec.

Pari-mutuel—for win, $66.70; for place, $7.40; $6.20 and $5.50 and $5.30.

Cash sweep— first, 5; second, 75; third, 194 and 288; unplaced—353 291.

*Dead heat for third place.

8.—The Farewell Plate.—Value $300. 2nd pony $100. 3rd pony $50. For China ponies that have started twice at this meeting and not won a race. Weight for inches as per scale. Griffins of the year that have never been placed, allowed 10 lbs.—Seven furlongs.

lbs.
Messrs. Lieu's Bros. bay Christmas Day (Mr. ———) .....———1
Mr. de Zutter's grey Johnstone (Mr. Knoll) .....155—2
Mr. Tuck Song's bay Eastern Star (Mr. Heard) .....155—3

Also ran: Aramis (Mr. Rowe) Rocksand (Mr. Nagai) and Rushton (Mr. Hill).

Won by four lengths; four lengths. Time—1 min. 58 1-5 sec.

Pari-mutuel—for win, $9.00; for place, $6.00; $8.30 and $29.90.

Cash sweep—first, 287; second, 465; third, 280; unplaced—543, 440 and 403.

CRICKET IN ENGLAND

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 31.—Cricket: Notts beat Sussex by an innings and 175 runs. Essex beat Lancashire by nine wickets. Derbyshire beat Leicestershire by nine wickets. M. C. C. vs. Yorkshire was a draw.

JOAN OF ARC CANONISED; ALL FRANCE REJOICES

Feature Of Rouen Celebration Is Participation Of British Troops

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, June 1.—The canonisation of Joan of Arc is being celebrated throughout France.

Paris is decked with flags, all the churches and many private houses flying the colors of the new saint.

A striking feature of the celebrations at Rouen was the participation of British troops, a detachment of cavalry and a Scottish band heading the procession which placed garlands on the Joan of Arc memorial. The commandant of the British base was among the speakers at the ceremony.

Six Killed, Many Hurt In Blast In Belgium

Enormous Damage Is Done By Explosion In Munitions Plant At Town Of Hareren

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Brussels, June 1.—Six persons were killed, six are missing and 220 injured, seventy of them seriously, as the result of an explosion in the munition works at Hareren caused by a fire. Enormous damage was done, several houses, factories and large quantities of merchandise being destroyed.

The prison at Vilvorde, which was occupied by troops and contained army stores, also caught fire during the night. The damage is estimated at several million francs.

WAR IN AFGHANISTAN NOT YET TERMINATED

Enemy Commanders Are Given Terms Under Which British Will Suspend Fighting

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Simla, June 4.—The Waziris are believed to be looting Nadir Khan's transport.

The situation in the Tochi Valley is quieter. The tribal lashkars are dwindling and the total of the scattered parties remaining is estimated at 1,500.

Bodies of Mahsuds and Shesannis are reported to be invading the Derajat Border west of Dera-Ismail-Khan. A column has moved out to meet them.

There has been no change at Dakka save occasional sniping north of the Kabul River.

The people of Kafiristan are reported to have recently organised a raid and looted 5,000 head of livestock from the Afghans in the Asmar district.

British State Terms

Sardar Abdul Qudus, whom the Amir sent to Kandahar to command in Southern Afghanistan, has arrived at Dabaki, eighteen miles from Chaman, with a body of Afghan troops. He has written to General Barrett saying that he has received from Kabul orders regarding the cessation of fighting. A similar message has been received from Nadir Khan. Both have been informed that, provided they do not remain in British territory and do not engage in hostilities, we will suspend operations pending acceptance of our conditions by the Amir.

The Amir Amanulla's letter asking for a cessation of hostilities has reached Simla.

Sentence 20 To Death

Simla, June 4.—In the Amritsar National Bank murder cases 20 persons have been sentenced to death.

Movements Of Forces

Simla, June 6.—The Tochi column has joined our troops from Zran Shah without opposition.

The majority of the Madda Khel, also the upper Tochi Waziris, are reported to be returning home.

About 500 tribesmen in the vicinity of Girmi post, fifteen miles west of Tank, were dispersed and a number of casualties inflicted.

Our aeroplanes report the Afghan camps are now moved up the river Kaitu, northwest from Sinwam.

Portions of the Zhob district are still disturbed.

The wires have been cut near Fort Sandeman and Draband in Derajat.

With the exception of the above, the general attitude of the tribes has improved.

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Haig Gives Address At Church Assembly

General Staff Similar To Imperial Military Body He Thinks Is Needed

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 30.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig and General Horne visited the Church of Scotland General Assembly at Edinburgh yesterday and were received by a Guard of Honor of Chaplains.

Addressing the Assembly, Sir Douglas Haig urged the establishment of a General Staff for the Christian Churches in the Empire analogous to the Imperial General Staff in the military organisation of the Empire. The only means of securing permanent peace was to develop the spirit of brotherhood born of the war, for which the active help of a vigorous National Church was necessary. The beginning should be made by forming a United National Church of Great Britain, after which a great Imperial Church should be formed in order to maintain the determination of the peoples of the Empire.

In this connection, Sir Douglas Haig rejoiced in the movement for Presbyterian reunion in Scotland, and said that what Scotland hoped to gain for herself she must help the whole Empire to achieve.

Wedding

Hayes-Pearson

The wedding of Mr. John Henry Hayes and Miss Winifred Mildred Pearson took place at Holy Trinity Cathedral on Saturday. Dean Walker officiated and the bride was given way by Mr. Diercking, Mr. Wilhoit acting as best man. The church was prettily decorated and the choir was in attendance.

The bride was dressed in a dainty gown of georgette crepe and satin, embroidered with pearls and with train of satin, the veil being caught up with orange blossoms and daintily embroidered. Miss Dorothy Pearson, sister of the bride, acted as bridesmaid and wore a pretty dress of georgette crepe over an embroidered pink slip. The little Misses Marjorie Pearson and Luca Pezzini acted as flower girls and wore net dresses studded with tiny rosss.

Following the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, 51 Haskell Road, many guests attending to tender the young couple best wishes and congratulations.

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FORTY YEARS AGO almost every mother thought her child must have paregoric or laudanum to make it sleep. These drugs will produce sleep; and a few drops too many will produce the sleep from which there is no waking. Many are the children who have been killed or whose health has been ruined for life by paregoric, laudanum and morphine, each of which is a narcotic product of opium. Druggists are prohibited from selling either of the narcotics named to children at all, or to anybody without labeling them "poison." The definition of "narcotic" is: "*A medicine which relieves pain and produces sleep, but which in poisonous doses produces stupor, coma, convulsions and death.*" The taste and smell of medicines containing opium are disguised, and sold under the names of "Drops," "Cordials," "Soothing Syrups," etc. You should not permit any medicine to be given to your children without you or your physician know of what it is composed. Castoria does not contain narcotics.

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Students' Explanation Of The Strike

I

For the first time in the history of China a genuine democratic movement has appeared. The entire Chinese people has risen. No officials head this movement. No great men have attached their names to this cause. Spontaneously out of the schools, among boys and girls, among shopkeepers and merchants, among laborers and coolies has arisen this historic defense of the rights of China, this demand for good government.

On the anniversary of the Twenty-one Demands, when the Chinese people were in mourning because of the shame their country had suffered at the hands of Japan, news arrived that China had been defeated at the Paris Peace Conference. For months previous to this day, since the signing of the armistice, China had high hopes that she would have an opportunity to develop as a nation, that the wrongs which she had suffered from militarism while the nations of the world were fighting militarism in Europe would be righted. But now China was hopeless. In Peking was a government corrupt to the core. In one year it had borrowed $220,000,000.00 from Japan ceding to her the richest resources of the land. Coal mines, iron mines, forests, future railroad rights, control of the army, control of finances, control of the few great industries of the country, have been thrown away for a mess of pottage. Great China, the land richest in resources, richest in man-power, richest in territory had become a plaything because of the militarism of Japan and the corruption of her own officials.

The Manchus were driven out by a small band of intrepid revolutionists in league with enlightened officials. But the Chinese people took no part in the first revolution. The monarchist movement of Yuan Shih-k'ai was killed by Peking officialdom. But the people of China were silent. Chang Hsun's attempted restoration of the Manchus was squelched by the very officials who are betraying their country today. But the people took no interest.

Since then a great war has been fought in Europe. On the fields of France and Belgium the fairest sons of the great nations of the west had given their lives that democracy and justice might exist upon the earth. Throughout the world like the voice of a prophet has gone the word of Woodrow Wilson strengthening the weak and giving courage to the struggling. And the Chinese people have listened and they too have heard. They have been told that their four thousand year old doctrine that peace is the greatest of all aims of a nation has become the slogan of mankind. They have been told that in the dispensation which is to be made after the war unmilitaristic nations like China would have an opportunity to develop their culture, their industry, their civilisation, unhampered. They have been told that secret covenants and forced agreements would not be recognised. They looked for the dawn of this new Messiah; but no sun rose for China. Even the cradle of the nation was stolen.

The masses of the people looked toward Peking. There they found only corruption and treason. They looked toward Paris. There they found that a compromise had to be made because of the injection of the question of Fiume and of racial discrimination. There was no hope there. They looked toward their own enlightened young men who had studied abroad. They found that they were inadequately prepared to offer a practical plan to save the country. The merchants lacked initiative; they were looking for a leader. And the leadership came from school boys and school girls who were ready to sacrifice their future careers, liberty and life that China might continue to exist. The students of China refused to study, refused to participate in the usual affairs of life until China was free. They clogged the machinery of the nation. They brought the issue to a head. They demanded immediate restitution of the rights of China and the immediate democratisation of the government. These students were Chinese trained. They had never, most of them, left the country. They had not forgotten the nation in the glamor of foreign travel. Their cry was, "sell us, sell everything we have or may at anytime have, but let the nation live."

II

Students of Shanghai spontaneously gathered in the Public Recreation Ground, West Gate, on May 7. There was no prearranged program but before the meeting had proceeded very far it was clear that the students demanded the dismissal of the corrupt officials, the return of Tsingtau to China or effective guarantees by the Allied Nations that Japan would make such a return within reasonable time, and that the Twenty-one Demands and other secret treaties written between the Peking militarists and the Japanese militarists would be renounced.

Immediately the Shanghai Students' Union was organised. It consists of eighty-three schools in Shanghai and represents 20,000 students, including about 5,000 girls.

Similar action was taking in Peking Tientsin, Nanking, Hankow, Canton, Hangchow, Soochow, Ningpo and other cities in China.

The Peking organisation became particularly effective. Peking Government University has during the past year, under the guidance of its Chancellor, Tsai Yuen-pei and other enlightened professors, become the intellectual center of China. The democratisation of the Chinese language, the development of a modern Chinese literature, the growth of political discussion centered about the Peking Government University. It was therefore only natural that the students of this University should refuse to be associated with a government of treason. The students of the Peking Government University were the first to strike for Chinese freedom. Mandarinlike the Government looked upon this as a schoolboy prank. They threatened. They cajoled. They intimidated. They attempted to bribe. But the students would not return to their desks as long as Tsao Ju-lin, Chang Chung-hsiang, Litle Hsu and the other traitors remained in power. Came a day when the students marched to the house of Tsao Ju-lin. They wanted to tell him that he ought to resign. Who should be in his house but the arch-traitor, China's Minister to Japan? And in their company was a Japanese. And on Tsao's wall was a portrait of the Mikado. The minds of the students were inflamed. What new rascality was being hatched? What concession was being bargained away? What mine, what forest, what railroad was Japan stealing at that moment. The result is well known. Tsao Ju-lin ran away. Chang Chung-hsiang was beaten almost to death.

But much more important was the fact that this demonstration awakened the entire student body of China to the fact that immediate action was necessary. In every city of China the students left their books and went out on strike.

III

What is it that they demand?

1. First and foremost if China is ever to rise out of her present shameful condition every one of her sons must be taught that treason to his country is man's greatest crime. Chinese officialdom has grown up under the old Mandarin system in which corruption was not only tolerated but expected. The officials were poorly paid and they were to earn enormous incomes by robbing the country. Under the Manchus this system could prevail; in a Republic it has no place. The Peking officials have not only sold the wealth of the country but they have betrayed her integrity. The worst enemies of China are not in Tokio but in Peking. Not only to avenge the wrongs that China has suffered must the traitors go, but to prevent the recurrence of treason, to inspire future generations, to set an example for the very boys and girls, the future fathers and mothers of China, who are now on strike, must they be driven out. The fate of the nation depends upon it and with this principle there can be no compromise.

2. China demands that effective guarantees be secured from the Allied Governments that Tsingtau and the German rights in Shantung be returned to her immediately. Tsingtau was stolen from China by Germany. When China entered the war it was understood that this territory would be returned to her. When Japan prevented China from joining the Allies and captured Tsingtau she promised the Government of United States that she would return the territory to China. The Peace Congress has maintained the principle that territories forcefully seized and unjustly held shall be returned to the nation whose people inhabit them.

The foreigner will say, "But Japan intends to return this territory." China has suffered too long from Japan's intentions. China cannot accept a promise from Japan for it is like a whisper in the wind. China has been betrayed too often by her island neighbor to accept her covenant. She is a nation whose word is bankrupt. One need only think of Korea, of Formosa, of Manchuria, of Mongolia, and of Siberia, to realise the uselessness of a Japanese promise. Japan will never fully, truly, and completely return Tsingtau unless she is forced to do it by the nations of Western Europe. It is to avoid the bloodshed that might be entailed in this use of force that the students want effective guarantees made now that Japan will not be permitted to deceive China in this matter.

3. The students demand that the Twenty-one Demands shall be cancelled. They were agreed to by China under duress. When the nations of the western world were at war, Japan sneaked in like a thief in the night and demanded that China give up her sovereign rights. An ultimatum of war was made. When could China have done at that time but to agree to Japan's proposal, made at the point of the bayonet? But these demands cannot be acceded to. China can never agree to the Twenty-one Demands. Until everyone of them has been cancelled, China will always be in a state of turmoil. For the peace of Asia, of the world, they must be expunged from history.

4. The students demand that freedom of speech and of the press shall be preserved as an inalienable right of citizens of the Republic. To secure this right the students desire that the Constitution of China shall be completed and this right included.

IV.

To secure these rights the students have adopted the principle of passive resistance. They are unable to fight against the Peking militarists and enough blood has already been spilled in China. There is no ballot in this country. The only thing that could be done was to strike, peacefully, quietly but effectively. To strengthen themselves the students joined with merchants, bankers and laborers so that if the moment arose when everything else should fail and it became absolutely necessary to force the hand of the Peking militarists there would be unanimity of aim and action in China. Such unanimity exists today. The shops are shut. The banks have closed their doors. The schools are without pupils. Labor is on strike. Can any Government continue to exist in the presence of the unanimous will of the people of the country that the Government should cease to be?

The co-operation of all elements has been secured because everybody in China feels that it is not a question of political party, of social status, of economic condition. Today China must decide whether she becomes a tributary of Japan or an independant nation. And on that question there is no division of opinion. Four hundred million heads are ready to fall before China will become servile to the Huns of the East.

Allied Friends Of China:

Your statesmen are at this moment sitting in Paris trying to mete out justice to the nations of the world. Your sons, your brothers are lying on the fields of France and Belgium, in the hills of Italy, in the distant snows of Russia to preserve democracy and justice. You have established the principle that militarism shall not prevail. You have given of all of your strength to destroy imperialism.

Will you not sympathise with China when she is trying to do in her way what you have done in Europe? China is confronted with the same problem that faced you in 1914. The enemy is at her door. Peacefully but through trickery the enemy is penetrating into the heart of the country. Already she controls the Government in Peking, the northern provinces from the Siberian frontier to the Yellow River, the island of Formosa and the province of Fukien. Her advance in the Yangtsze Valley is as great as it is appalling. If she be permitted to take Shantung what is left to the people of China?

But the danger is as great for you as it is for China. You have come here honestly to trade and teach. One need not recite all the crimes that Japan has committed against you in China. You know them well. She has damaged your goods, forged your labels, opened your letters, broken every rule of honest competition. But do you need more proof of what will happen to you in Nipponised China than what has already happened in Korea, Manchuria, and Formosa. Your missionaries have already been expelled from Tsingtau. Your business will go next.

The students are now fighting your battle. If they fail now you will have to take up the war against militarism in the East sooner or later. You can prevent their failure by sympathising with their cause, by bringing pressure on your government immediately to return Tsingtau to China. The students are sacrificing themselves for you as well as for China. Do you who live in China help them to destroy the Hun of the East.

Stores In Hongkong Entered By Burglars

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Hongkong, June 9.—Burglars last night entered the premises of the Shanghai Life Insurance Company, also Messrs. Campbell, Moore and Co., Ltd. and the Hongkong Cigar Store. From the latter they stole $70 in cash and a few silver cigarette cazes. An attempt to enter the jewelry shops of Messrs. Falconer and Co., Ltd., was frustrated.

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Baby's Own Tablets, the Canadian children's remedy, are obtainable from chemists, also post free 60 cents the vial, from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

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The Guarantee of Excellence on Goods Electrical

The Trade Mark of the Largest Electrical Manufacturer in the World.

Now manufactured in the China Branch Factory of the General Electric Co. of America, known as the China General Edison Co., Inc. This factory, under American supervision, uses the same materials, the same machinery and the same processes, and produces the same excellent lamps as do the home factories of the parent company.

FROM ALL ELECTRICAL DEALERS

Distributors—Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd

Pleases Particular People!

If you are particular about the coffee you drink, you owe it to yourself to try our Coffee.

Famous For Flavor

is our Coffee—roasted daily, ground fresh for each order, put up in neat paper bags, not in expensive tins.

Coffee Coupons Come

with every pound, and six of them entitle you to a pound free.

Breakfast Coffee 70 cts.

Mocha 80 cts. lb.

I. SHAININ & CO.
100 Szechuen Road
Phone C. 1483

This year **Vacationists** to
MOKANSAN and KULING
will carry less weight.
Our Branches will Supply at Shanghai Prices
Complete Lines of
Building and Household Hardware and Sundries.
Tennis Balls, Best Hand-sewn, **$9.00** per doz.
American-made Rackets.
Tennis Shoes **$1.35** per pair.
YUT SAE CHANG & CO.
A 1284 Broadway, Shanghai

JUST UNPACKED!
LATEST SUMMER HATS
FOR
LADIES
Now displayed at
The Sincere Co., Ltd.

"COMMANDER"
Super Size
Virginia Cigarettes

"Commander" has many leading qualities -

"Commander" smokers know what they are-

"Commander" must be smoked to be appreciated.

TRADE MARK

Westminster Tobacco Co. Ltd., London

Also sold in a new packing of 10 Cigarettes convenient for the pocket

Business and Official Notices

(Second Section)

THE CHINA PRESS

大陸報

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, JUNE 10, 1919

Municipal Notification

No. 2624.

(TRANSLATION)

Taking advantage of the campaign to secure the Boycott of Japanese goods, agitators and disorderly persons, who have no concern for the welfare of China, or of the residents of this Settlement, are endeavouring to foment trouble to suit their own ends preying upon peaceful merchants and residents.

It has therefore become necessary for the Council to take drastic action to preserve the peace and good order of the Settlement and to protect peaceful residents and merchants from the violence of such disorderly persons.

Warning is accordingly given:

1.—That the distribution of handbills of an inflamatory character and the exhibition of flags bearing characters which furnish a direct incitement to disorder, are prohibited. Contravention of this prohibition will be punished without the least leniency.

2.—That no credence should be given to rumours which are designed to stir up animosity and foment trouble. Several such rumours have been brought to the notice of the Council and upon investigation, have been found to be utterly baseless. The authors of, and those spreading such rumours will, upon detection, be punished without the least leniency.

3.—That the assembling of crowds in the streets of the Settlement will not be permitted. Those who have no legitimate business to attend to should not loiter on the streets or mix with the agitators and loafers who are bent on provoking trouble. During the evenings all peaceful residents should remain at Home. The Council will not be responsible for any injury or damage that may be sustained by any person contravening this order and advice.

Shopkeepers and merchants are advised to re-open to public business and in case of any intimidation to enforce the closing of their shops or places of business to report the same immediately to the nearest Police Station with a statement of the circumstances in detail, whereupon their assailants will be arrested and brought before the Court and severely punished without the least leniency.

Warning is duly given. Let all obey.

By Order

N. O. LIDDELL,

Secretary.

Council Rooms,

Shanghai, June 6, 1919.

23922

Municipal Notification

No. 2625.

(TRANSLATION.)

For the better preservation of the peace and good order of the Settlement and for the protection of all peaceful residents, warning is hereby issued by the Council as follows:

1. No person unless a Consular Officer or a member of the naval or military forces of any Treaty Power or unless duly authorised by the Council shall, under any pretence whatsoever, appear in the streets or in any public place, in uniform or wearing any distinctive dress or badge or headgear signifying membership of any particular organisation, association or body.

2. No person shall, under any pretence whatsoever, carry any flag or banner or wear any sash or other device in the streets or in any public place, bearing any inscription in Chinese or in any Foreign language.

Any person contravening any of the terms of this warning or interfering with the Police or other duly authorised officers of the Council, engaged in the maintenance of peace and good order or usurping the authority vested in them or otherwise guilty of any action whatsoever prejudicial to peace and good order, will be arrested forthwith and taken before the proper authorities for punishment without the least leniency.

This warning will take effect from 4 p.m. Monday, June 9, whereafter compliance with its terms will be enforced with the utmost rigour.

Warning is duly given. Let all obey.

By order,

N. O. LIDDELL,

Secretary.

Council Room,

Shanghai, June 8, 1919.

23937

NOTICE

Dr. Oks and Dr. Holper

No. 3 Kiukiang Road

Tel.: Central 1801

Dr. OKS, M.D., Eye, ear, throat, nose and internal diseases.

9-11 a.m. and 1-4 p.m.

Dr. HOLPER, M.D. Urinary, skin and internal diseases.

11-1 p.m. and 4-6 p.m.

23741

HALL & HOLTZ, LTD.

Bakery Notice

In the event of our being unable to deliver bread this morning, will customers kindly send their servants to the Bakery for their requirements.

Hall & Holtz, Ltd.

Bakery Telephone C.44.

23941

Whangpoo Conservancy Board

Notification No. 91.

Tenders for Various Materials

Tenders are hereby invited for the supply of ROPE, PAINT, CLEANSING MATERIAL, LUBRICANTS AND SUNDRIES for dredgers and launches, to be delivered at the Conservancy Woosung Yard at Chang Wah Pang before the end of June, 1919, and for the supply of STEEL, TIMBER, CEMENT for six months from 1st July to 31st December, 1919, and STONE, GRAVEL and SAND for one year from 1st July to 30th June, 1920, to be delivered as per instructions.

Particulars of requirements and list of materials required can be obtained at the Office of the Whangpoo Conservancy Board, 6 Kiukiang Road.

Tenders, marked "Materials" and addressed to the "Whangpoo Conservancy Board" should state the manufacturer of each article and must be sent in before noon, June 15th, 1919.

The Board do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender, and reserve the right to place separate contract for any article with any one of the tenderers.

(Signed)

H. VON HEIDENSTAM,

Engineer-in-Chief.

Shanghai, 4th June, 1919.

23807

CODE BOOKS

JUST ARRIVED

Bentleys Phrase Code.....$25.00

Western Union Code..... 30.00

A. B. C. 5th Edition Code.. 25.00

Chow Tzu Kong, Bookseller,

111, Szechuen Road.

23826

T. Ichiki & Co.

Phone North 2631.

Dealer in

Musical Instruments and Music,

Y. 36, North Szechuen Road.

Dr. med. F. T. Kiang

Physician and Surgeon

(Formerly Assistant at the Surgical University Clinic of Berlin)

Specialist in veneral diseases.

Office: 85 Szechuen Road.

Consultation Hours: 2-4 p.m.

Telephone: No. C. 3844.

Municipal Notification

No. 2602.

7% LOAN 1919

Price of Issue until further notice 95 per cent.

Under the authority of Resolution V passed at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers on April 9, 1919, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent Loan of 1919.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent per annum payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year.

They will be issued at 95 per cent until further notice and will be redeemed on December 31, 1929.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls. 1,000, Tls. 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants.

Application forms can be obtained from the Treasurer, Finance Department, 24B Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,

N. O. LIDDELL,

Secretary.

Council Room,

Shanghai, April 12, 1919.

23836

HIRANO WATER

Reynell's

AT ALL HOTELS

AT ALL CLUBS

PURITY GUARANTEED

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.

Business Men's Lunch

11.30 until 2 p.m.

Every day (Excepting Sunday)

Price 60 cts.

SULLIVANS CANDY STORE,

Nanking Road.

FOR SALE

A curious Porcelain Vase, made in the "Sung" Dynasty, nine inches in height, five colours like Jade, engraved with eighteen kinds of Idols and a Dragon-Head. For particulars and inspection, please apply to The Yah Da Heng, Dong Woo Lee, Ningpo Road, Shanghai.

協大亨同和里

23829

UNION BRAUEREI A.G

IN LIQUIDATION

Tenders are hereby invited for the purchase of the Union Brauerei A.G. as a going concern.

The said Union Brauerei is situated at No. 40 Gordon Road.

Tenders must be in by noon, the 12th of June, 1919.

For further particulars, please apply to the undersigned, who does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender.

Shanghai, 29th May, 1919.

G. D. MUSSO,

Liquidator,

Union Brauerei A.G.

23808

Dr. James Yuking's

Office for Venereal Diseases is now removed to 73 NANKING ROAD.

Hours: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily and by appointment.

Special consideration to men in uniform.

Mr. and Mrs. Seki

Electric and Hand Massage

Graduated at the Massage School of Tokio, Japan.

No. 1469, Woosung Road,

End of Minghong Road,

SHANGHAI.

23866

FOR BRITISH AND AMERICAN

METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES

PHONE OR WRITE TO

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

BROADWAY-SHANGHAI PHONE: NORTH 1468

WHAT MORE CAN YOU ASK?

Here is a

NATIONAL PORTABLE TYPEWRITER

(Model No. 3)

of standard type-bar construction, with rigid, durable frame of cold rolled steel—built to stand rough usage—full size universal keyboard, full width carriage; has every essential advantage of the big typewriters; yet stands only 6¾-in. high and weighs a little over 9 pounds complete. Two color ribbon, backspacer, easy removal of typebars, etc.

Complete with Carrying Case and a One-Year Guarantee

For Mx. $75.00

The New Model No. 3 is a material improvement over all previous models in fact, a great little machine.

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Phone: Central 4778 — SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT — 22 Nanking Road, Shanghai — Cable Add. Mackbisc

O.V.B.

OREGON'S VERY BEST LOGANBERRY JUICE

Gande, Price & Co., Agents

Sewing Machine Needles per dozen $0.40

Sewing Machine Oils per 3 oz. bot. $0.20

for sale at

Liengyi Mercantile Co.

Sewing Machine Dept.

Szechuen and Soochow Rds.

23920

Prof. J. K. Seto

Turkish Bath and Massage Establishment

25 N. Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

Tel. North 2768

CARPETS

Come and see us before buying elsewhere. Our prices are the lowest: our goods are the best.

TIENTSIN CARPETS AND RUGS

Sheep or Camel Hair

Made to order from customers' designs.

HWA YENG FACTORY

127 Peking Road

The Yangtsze Insurance Association, Ltd.

are prepared to accept risks against

Riots and Civil Commotions

at moderate rates of premium.

For particulars apply to

W. S. Jackson,

General Manager.

Telephone Nos. 5470-5476. Shanghai, 9th June, 1919.

23939

APARTMENTS

14-15 Quinsan Gardens

Front rooms and back rooms to let. Very good table. Apply to Mrs. Weinstock.

Connaught House

8 Quinsan Gardens

From June 1st, well-furnished large and small rooms with board, every convenience. Centrally located. Terms moderate.

TO LET with board, for immediate occupation, a large comfortable newly furnished room. All modern comforts, telephone, garage, tennis and stables. Apply to Box 203, THE CHINA PRESS.

WELL-furnished bedroom with bathroom and verandah attached to let in private family in the Central district. Breakfast can be arranged for. Apply to Box 311, THE CHINA PRESS.

23921 J. 10

FOUR ROOMED HOUSE in Yangtzepoo District—Rental Tls. 33 per month. Present tenant wishes to sell furniture and fittings. Price very reasonable. Apply to Box 312, THE CHINA PRESS.

23923 J. 8

NICE furnished room, with bathroom, to let in a French family, with board. Apply to Box 304, THE CHINA PRESS.

23902 J. 12

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED a foreign Messman for American steamer, Shanghai to San Francisco. Apply 9 a.m. on Tuesday to Standard Oil Company of New York, Shipping Department.

23942 J.10

WANTED by an American firm, an experienced stenographer. State former experience and salary wanted to Box 301, THE CHINA PRESS.

23926 J. 14

STENOGRAPHER WANTED: Experienced steno-typist wanted by American firm. Good salary and prospects. Apply by letter to Box 261, THE CHINA PRESS.

23930

WANTED, young Eurasian man as general office assistant; must have previous commercial experience and knowledge of bookkeeping. State reference and salary required, to Box No. 298, THE CHINA PRESS.

23890 J.10

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

LARGE, bright godown, second floor, Central district. Immediate occupation. Apply to Box 246, THE CHINA PRESS.

23834

MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE: A manufacturing business established over three years good opportunity for an investor or investors with capital from Mex $20,000 to $25,000. Products already well-known in the China Market. For further particulars please address to Box 315, THE CHINA PRESS.

23936 J 15

TO LET for the season, a tennis lawn in fine condition, same situated in Western district. For particulars, apply to Box 303, THE CHINA PRESS.

23901 J. 12

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 14

HOUSES TO LET

PEITAIHO HOUSES TO RENT

SUMMER, 1919

$250 to Tls. 600

Apply Secretary,

ROCKY POINT ASSOCIATION,

28a Victoria Road, Tientsin.

23656

FURNISHED HOUSE to let in French-town from 1st August to end February or March; five rooms, two bathrooms, attic, telephone, garden. Tls. 70 per month. Apply to Box 310, THE CHINA PRESS.

23916 J. 10

FURNISHED HOUSE to let in Western district, from 1st July until December, four bathrooms and every convenience. Large lawn and garage. Tls. 170 per month. Apply to Box 295, THE CHINA PRESS.

23887

TO LET, from June 1st, modern detached residence in fine locality, five rooms. Garden. Tls. 100 per month. 197 Bis Avenue due Roi Albert. China Realty Co., Ltd.

23830

TO LET, 20 Yates Road, detached eight-roomed residence, tennis, garage, stabling. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

23831

TO LET, 44 Sinza Road, excellent residence of four large and three small rooms. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

23832

SITUATIONS WANTED

A Philippine Captain, with extended experience in the Philippine coastal trade, desires position in capacity of Captain or Chief Officer in China trade. Further particulars can be obtained by applying to Box 314, THE CHINA PRESS.

23925 J. 11

ACCOUNTANT and bookkeeper, with many years' experience in banking and mercantile houses, open for engagement. Willing to start at small salary. Apply to Box 306, THE CHINA PRESS.

23903

ACCOUNTANT of long experience, with thorough knowledge of general office work, seeks position. First-class references. Please apply to Box 299, THE CHINA PRESS.

23891 J.11

A HUSTLING American, about to leave for home, is open for a contract to return towards the end of the year. Would make a first-class salesman or manager. Speaks Chinese fluently. Address to Box 293, THE CHINA PRESS.

23884 J.10

Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, American motor-cycle, 2½ horse-power, nearly new, in excellent condition. Bargain for quick sale. For full particulars, apply to Box 316, THE CHINA PRESS.

23938 J.14

FOR SALE, Marmon 1913, model 34 Roadster, with extra wire wheel and tyre. Perfect running condition. Demonstration by appointment. Apply to Stirling Fessenden, Administrator of the Estate of Irene Murray.

23928 J. 11

FOR SALE, Ford 1917 model car, reasonable terms. Always driven by owner. In good condition. Apply to Box 309, THE CHINA PRESS.

23915 J.11

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 14

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,100,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Iloilo	Puket
Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taiping
Delhi	Medan	(F. M. S.
Haiphong	New York	Tavoy (Lower
Hankow	Peking	Burma)
Hongkong	Penang	Tientsin
	Yokohama	

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

A. I. D. STEWART.
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital ..... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve ..... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankuk	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital .....Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtao, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

P. C. KONG,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2/- $15,000,000
Silver 21,000,000
$36,000,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
J. A. Plummer Esq., Chairman,
E. V. D. Parr Esq., Deputy Chairman.
A. H. Compton Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
G. T. M. Edkins Esq.
C. S. Gubbay Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak.
Hon. Mr. D. Landale.
W. L. Pattenden Esq.

Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala-Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Iloilo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
	Kug. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government ..	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris office: 5 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad Street, E.C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Sciete Generale pour favoriser le Development de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-	Harbin	Peking
chendze)	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Manchouli	Tientsin
Dairen	Newchwang	Vladivostock
(Dalny)		Yokohama

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Desposit Boxes.

L. JEZLERSKI,
G. CARRERE.
Managers for Asia.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 391,347.41

Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Central 2650
General Office: Central 2613 & 2614

Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Depcsits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Y according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit grant on approved securities.

Savings Accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
SHU CHIN MIH, Sub-Manager.
C. C. YANG, Sub-Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital .. $60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital $12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund $1,298,552.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,898,933.68

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Changchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtau	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:

For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4 % per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

中華匯業銀行 Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.
Head Offices: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital $2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital $1,020,000

Managing Director:
SUN TAO SAN.
Deputy Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI.

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities:

Tientsin	Chinkiang
Shanghai	Soochow
Peking	Wusieh
Hankow	Hangchow
Nanking	Ningpo
Yangchow	Shaohsing
Hsuchow	Canton
Pengpu	Hongkong
Changchun	Changteh
Antung	Chengchow
Kiukiang	

Tsinkiangpu

Agencies and Correspondents in foreign countries:
London: International Banking Corporation.
New York: International Banking Corporation.
San Francisco: International Banking Corporation.
Boston: American Express Company.
Tokio: Bank of Chosen.
Kobe: Bank of Chosen.
Osaka: Bank of Chosen.
Yokohama: Bank of Taiwan.
And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
S.441 Ningpo Road.
Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office.
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager.
E. D. ZAR, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Head Office:
National City Bank Building
55 Wall Street, New York.

Capital and Surplus ...U.S. $6,500,000
Undivided Profits .U.S. $2,563,000.00

H. T. S. Green,
President & General Manager.
London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street.

Far Eastern Branches
China: Shanghai, Peking Tientsin, Hankow, Hongkong, Canton.
Japan: Yokohama, Kobe.
Philippines: Manila, Cebu.
India: Bombay, Calcutta.
Straits Settlements: Singapore.
Dutch East Indies: Batavia, Soerabaya.

West Indian and Central American Branches:
Republic of Panama: Panama, Colon.
Republic of Colombia: Medellin.
Dominican Republic: Santo Domingo, San Pedro de Macoris.
Santiago, Puerto Plata.

In addition to our own Branches, by reason of our close affiliation with *The National City Bank of New York* we are able to offer the facilities of its branches at Bahai, Buenos Aires, Caracas, Genoa, Havana, Montevideo, Moscow, Petrograd, Rio de Janeiro, San Juan, P. R., Santiago de Cuba, Santos, Sao Paulo Valparaiso, Vladivostock.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits taken on rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, Manager.
1a, Kiuklang Road.

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912.

Capital (fully paid) H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund ..... H.$ 400,000.00
Investment reserve fund ..... H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	San Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc.	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31st, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.
Agencies abroad: Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager,
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed .. Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up .... Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 25,000,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Batavia	Los Angeles	Seattle
Bombay	London	Shanghai
Buenos Ayres	Lyons	Shimonoseki
Calcutta	Manila	Singapore
Changchun	Mukden	Sourabaya
Dalny	Nagasaki	Sydney
Hankow	Newchwang	Tientsin
Harbin	New York	Tokio
Hongkong	Osaka	Tsinanfu
Honolulu	Peking	Tsingtau
Kaiyuen	Rangoon	Valdivostock
Kobe	S. Francisco	

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e., Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC
Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthellot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.
Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunnanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana
Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts
Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital £1,500,000
Paid up Capital 750,000
Reserve Fund 700,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.
EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and an Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH Manager
26 The Bund.

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, NINGPO ROAD

Capital (Paid-up) $600,000.00
Reserve Fund ..... $ 15,000.00
Deposits (Dec., 1918).. $3,400,000.00

Accounts carried in dollars, taels or foreign currencies.

Banking by Mail.

Credit granted on approved securities.

Drafts, both domestic and foreign, purchased or sold.

Exchange of dollars, taels and foreign currencies.

Pocket Savings Bank for saving small coins.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES for rent.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital—
Guilders 70,000,000 (about £5,833,333)
Reserve Fund—
Guilders 12,760,286 (about £1,063,357)
Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Medan	Singapore
Bandoeng	Padang	Soerabaya
Cheribon	Palembang	Soerakarta
Djember	Pekalongan	Tebing-Tinggi
Djokjakarta	Penang	Tegal
Hongkong	Pontianak	Telok-Beton
Kota-Radja	Rangoon	Tjilatjap
Langsa	Semarang	Weltevreden
Makassar		

London Bankers:
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-Up Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund £431,890
Special Reserve Fund £120,000

Head office: BRUSSELS
London: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Branches: Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking, Tientsin, Rotterdam.

Agents:
New York: 31 Pine Street
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Societe Generale de Belgique

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Lyons: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Marseilles: Banque Nationale de Credit.
New York: Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS.
Manager.

Resources: Pesos 248,000,000

Philippine National Bank

No. 1 The Bund, Shanghai

Telephone: Central 2741

Head Office: MANILA

BRANCHES:
37 Broadway, New York, and throughout the Philippines.

Correspondents at principal cities in the Orient, United States and Europe.

CHECKING AND SAVING ACCOUNTS: FIXED DEPOSIT
Exchange Bought and Sold
Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit
Travellers' Checks

Singapore Rubber Auction

Singapore, May 21 and 22, 1919.

Following were the prices realised at our Auction this week:

Sheet:	Singapore per lb. Cents
Smoked Fine Ribbed	75/73½
Smoked Good Ribbed	73/60
Smoked Fine Plain	Nil
Smoked Good Plain	Nil
Unsmoked Fine Ribbed ...	Nil
Unsmoked Good Ribbed...	Nil
Unsmoked Fine Plain	Nil
Unsmoked Good Plain ...	Nil
Cupwashing	49/48
Crepe:	
Fine Pale Thin 77½/76	
Good Pale Thin 75½/65	
Good Pale Blanket	Nil
Good Brown	Nil
Fine Brown	65/60
Good Brown	60/54
Good Dark 54½/43	
Barky	44/30
Scrap:	
Virgin and Pressed	41/5½
Loose	29/19½
London quotations:	
Fine Pale Crepe	1s. 11d.
Fine Ribbed Smoked Sheet	1s. 10¼d.

Catalogued for sale 2,293,346 lbs. (about 1,024 tons).
Sold 1,044,687 lbs. (about 466 tons).

Since we reported last the rubber market has remained quiet. Our auctions started yesterday morning, rather weak with only few buyers operating. Although the demand improved slightly during the day, the tendency throughout was easy, with the exception of Fine Pale Crepe, which grade was readily taken up at last week's figures.

Fine Ribbed Smoked Sheet sold from 75 to 73½ cents (one lot fetched 75½ cents). The average price was about 74 cents, and many lots were withdrawn on account of high limits.

An unusual large quantity of Fine Pale Crepe, packed in cases, was catalogued for sale. Buyers were rather interested, and there was a keen competition. 78 cents was paid freely for Fine Pale Crepe packed in cases, (equal to about 77 cents without cases).

Good Ribbed Smoked Sheet and Good Pale Crepe met with a poor demand, and many lots had to be withdrawn for want of offers.

There was a moderate demand for medium and lower Crepes, but prices were on an average 2 to 3 cents lower than last week.

Fine Ribbed Smoked Sheet was rather neglected at the continuation of the sale this morning. 74½ cents was the best available offer. Fine Pale Crepe became firmer, 77½ cents being paid freely. For all other grades the prices remained unchanged. The market tendency is easier.

Meyer and Measor.

Rubber Prices

Messrs. R. N. Truman and Co. have received the following telegraphic report from their Singapore agents in connection with the last weekly report auctions held on June 4, 1919:

Average price realised:
No. 1 Smoked Sheet—$0.73 per pound equivalent to 1s. 3¾d. ex warehouse Singapore.
No. 1 Crepe—$0.76 per pound equivalent to 1s. 9½d. ex warehouse Singapore.
Market steady but quiet, offered 814 tons, sold 547 tons.

Banking Service with AMERICA —direct and personal

EXPORTERS or importers now engaged in, or thinking of, trade with America would do well to consider not only the special nature of our facilities, but also the personal interest we take in every one of our customers' transactions.

First of all, we offer *direct* banking service—without intermediary dealings, or unnecessary delays.

Equally important is our *personal* service. Every transaction is followed through, both here and in America, by our own representatives with a personal interest, the value of which is evident in the service rendered.

May we talk with you about America?

Central Office in the Far East:

Shanghai

Other branches in
HANKOW—PEKING—TIENTSIN

Asia Banking Corporation

New York

CAPITAL U.S. $2,000,000 SURPLUS U.S. $500,000

STOCKHOLDING BANKS
Anglo and London, Paris National Bank, San Francisco
Bankers Trust Company, New York City
First National Bank of Portland, Oregon
Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Mercantile Bank of the Americas, New York City
National Bank of Commerce, Seattle, Washington

Financial And Commercial News

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, June 7, 1919.

Money And Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate
@ 5/3=Tls. 3.81
@ exch. 74.2=Mex. $5.13
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate
@ 122=Tls. 81.97
@ 74.2=Mex. $110.47
Mex. Dollars: Market Rate
S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls.
Copper Cash ..... per tael
Native Interest ..... Tls.

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 53½d.
Bank Rate of Discount 5%
Ex., Paris on London ... Fr. 30.05
Ex., New York on London G. $4.61¾

Exchange Closing Quotations

London ..... T.T. 5/3
London ..... Demand 5/3¼
India ..... Nom. T.T. 315
Paris ..... Nom. T.T. 787
Paris ..... Nom. Demand 790
New York ..... T.T. 121½
New York ..... Demand 121¾
Hongkong ..... T.T. 67⅛
Japan ..... T.T. 42½
Batavia ..... T.T. 304
Singapore ..... T.T. 44⅜

Banks Buying Rates

London ..... Demand 5/4
London ..... 4 m/s. Cdts. 5/5
London .... 4 m/s. Docy. 5/5½
London ..... 6 m/s. Cdts. 5/5½
London ..... 6 m/s. Docy. 5/5⅝
Paris ..... Nom. 4 m/s. 856
New York ... o/d. Docy. 123
New York .. 4 m/s. Docy. 128¼

Roubles Exchange

Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles

Roubles 2,700 ..... =Tls. 100
Roubles 100 ..... =Mex. $5.00

Customs House Exchange Rates For June

Hk. Tls.	3.43	@ 5/2⅜	£1
,,	1	@ 784	Francs 8.73
,,	0.74	@ 121¼	Gold $1
,,	1	@ 42⅜	Yen 2.61
,,	1	@ 15	Rupees 4.37
,,	1	@ 1.50	Mex. $1.50
,,	1	@ —	Roubles —

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange

Transactions

Shanghai, June 7, 1919.

BUSINESS DONE

Japan Government Bonds 5%:
Tls. 37.50 June
Tls. 37.80 July
Japan-China S. and W. Co:
Tls. 26.00 July
Tls. 26.60 August
Shanghai P. and S. Exchange:
Tls. 20.80 July
Tls. 21.10 August
Yangtszepoo Cotton Mill
Tls. 13.10 June
Tls. 13.80 August
Local Yarns:
Water Moon 16's: Tls. 184.00 June
Tls. 179.50 July
Tls. 179.20 August

Rubber Outputs

	April	May
Alma	31,000	32,000
Amherst	3,376	2,334
Anglo-Dutch	73,500	72,000
Anglo-Java	217,000	—
Ayer Tawah	22,217	25,183
Batu Anam	20,202	25,603
Buket Toh Alang	12,500	14,236
Bute	17,900	20,900
Chempedak	10,000	11,500
Chemor	16,589	20,800
Cheng	17,841	18,265
Consolidated	49,162	54,509
Dominion	38,635	38,933
Gula Kalumpong	108,000	125,000
Java Consolidated	81,000	—
Kamunting	20,791	22,539
Kapala	11,774	12,537
Kapayang	—	—
Karan	8,500	11,700
Kota Bahroe	32,622	34,225
Kroewoek	54,000	—
Langkat	—	66,290
Padang	25,000	25,000
Permata	7,355	—
Pengkalan	10,008	9,817
Repah	18,000	21,000
Samagaga	17,000	23,000
Semambu	14,218	14,641
See Kee	—	—
Senawang	25,766	31,650
Shanghai-Malay	—	—
Shanghai-Kelantan	9,500	14,000
Shanghai-Seremban	11,293	14,384
Shanghai-Pahang	15,316	16,985
Shanghai-Sumatra	55,100	63,040
Shanghai-Klebang	12,205	12,784
Sua Manggis	—	—
Sungala	11,351	9,054
Sungei Duri	23,333	23,733
Taiping	11,541	—
Tanah Merah	32,000	34,600
Tebong	75,000	80,000
Ulobri	5,589	4,627
Ziangbe	82,000	—

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Parents should take advantage of the present high rate of exchange to provide for the future education of their children.

Write to us for particulars of our Special Policies, at

10 Canton Road,
Shanghai.

American Cotton Goods In China

By Commercial Attache Julean Arnold

Chinese cotton exports state that the demand for American cotton goods will advance in the postwar period only if American manufacturers adopt fundamental changes in their method of dealing with Chinese wholesale dealers. The stocks now held by dealers here are but a fractional part of the amount ordinarily held in the trade here.

The falling off in the sales of American cotton goods is due mainly to the keen competition on the part of Japanese manufacturers, who gradually absorbed the business of American cotton goods in China. Secondly, American agents have subjected the Chinese dealers to too keen competition among themselves by selling the same brands of goods to many firms. In the case of English agents the sale of one chop or brand is confined to one dealer, so that there are no two agents in this country selling similar brands of cloth. This procedure is best adapted to the market, for it has enabled many Chinese capitalists to push the sale of English cloth, since they are sure to get buyers in the interior for their own brands of cloth at their own prices. In the past the foreign houses in China handling American cloths did their best to give the native distributors the necessary encouragement by confining certain mill brands to certain dealers, but in this they were not supported by the mills and their agents in America, who would sell the same brands to any buyer. This made competition so keen that practically every distributor of American cloth lost money on purchases made. Further, American agents may find it very difficult to compete successfully against the Japanese, who are able, by the establishment of local plants, to produce low-priced goods and to follow the market. These Japanese mills use 20 percent American cotton and 80 percent Chinese and Indian cotton, thus being dependent on the price of American and Indian cotton. Chinese buyers, however, are beginning to appreciate the superiority of the quality of American cotton goods and are looking to the wearing qualities in making their purchases. This is especially true in Manchuria, and lends hope in the possibility of the resumption of American cotton-goods trade in that market which formerly took millions of dollars worth of American cottons.

There are only 300 bales of American gray shirtings in pieces of 12 pounds in the market today. There are no stocks of American shirtings in pieces of 11½ or 12 pounds; no gray shirtings in pieces of 12, 13, or 14 pounds, or of drills in 12 to 14 pounds, or jeans of 8½ to 11 pounds. There are ample stocks of all these cloths in the hands of Japanese dealers, except the 14 pound gray shirting which they can not make. Some of the big retail stores have in stock American cloths of many descriptions, but only for special customers. The difference in cost between American and Japanese cloth is between one and two taels per piece.

When shipping opportunities become more favorable and freights to the Orient lower, it will still be possible to import American piece goods into China provided the prices are kept within the limit of competitive sales. American cloths are of excellent quality and liked by the Chinese, but Chinese merchants are now compelled to deal in Japanese goods because they can not get American goods at the price required by the majority of their customers. The American manufacturers, so the Chinese dealers state, would profit by following the British method of confining the sales of certain brands to certain dealers.

Good opportunities await American capitalists who are willing to operate cotton mills in China and produce the brand of goods to suit the local market at competing prices.

Bovril Co. Meeting

Speaking at the annual meeting of the Bovril Company in London, Sir James Crichton-Browne, M.D., F.R.S., said:

"We have, I see, been recommended as a guard against influenza, to go about wearing masks like the actors in the Greek tragedies. Now I have no wish to discourage the use of masks by those who have faith in in them, although I am not quite sure that their sudden general adoption might not lead to that state of panic which is always conductive to the spread of epidemic disease, but I would point out that the most recent researches go to show that the influenza organism and toxin pass readily through a porcelain filter, and if that be so, any mask that could be worn would be no more efficacious than would be the erection of a barbed wire fence to shut out the flies. The best precautionary measure is the maintenance of good sound bodily health.

"It is, I think, a matter of deep regret that during the recent visitation of influenza there should have been, through the shortage of bottles, a dearth of Bovril. But the visitation is not yet over.

"Its past history suggests that influeza epidemics come in three great waves. Two of these waves have swept over us with dire results and the third wave seems now to be gathering force and advancing with its death-dealing concomitants, pneumonia, meningitis, and heart failure. It is to be hoped that during the third wave more copious supplies of Bovril may become available. I regard it as a great protection against influenza. We have scriptural authority for believing that if you resist the devil he will flee from you, and that is true of the fiend—influenza. We must strengthen our resistance against his attacks. We have as yet no specific remedy, and it is better to keep him at arm's length than to wrestle with him after he has got a grip of us and has invaded our system. Well, Bovril will assist us to do that."

PHOTO SUPPLIES

Freshest and most up-to-date stock in town. Prices low.

Burr 2 Broadway

O.V.B. OREGON VERY BEST

The Ideal Beverage For The Summer

Gande, Price & Co., Agents

Be sure to get it at

WING ON'S

It Pays!

Piece Goods And Yarn

In their report for week ending June 6, Messrs. Ilbert and Co., write as follows:

Piece Goods

The market continues extraordinarily strong all round with an eager demand for such scanty supplies as become available from time to time. Prices rule very firm in every case but the preference continues for grey and white over dyed cloths and even still more so for cotton yarn of all descriptions, of which the consumptive powers of the country appear at the moment to be almost unlimited.

Grey Shirtings Generally.—Our market continues very strong but in the absence of stocks business has been reduced to a minimum. New shipments are eagerly snapped up immediately on arrival. The auctions went off briskly at strong prices.

White Shirtings.—Prices continue to advance and the demand is far in excess of the supply available. Only two private sales have been brought to our notice:—Cash Chop at Tls. 9.85 and Peacock at Tls. 9.70. Auction market very firm.

Jeans.—The following business has been reported:

40 yds—Three Rabbits at Tls. 7.00 and Two Blue Dragons at Tls. 6.20.

30 yds—Green Stag at Tls. 4.60.

Prices at auction higher all round.

Dyed and Fancy Cottons.—Fast Blacks have appreciated a further four to five mace per piece at the auctions, while Venetians were very steady at slightly higher rates.

Cotton.—Throughout the week our cotton market has been steady to firm with rather higher rates being paid by exporters, at the close, however, the general tone is a little easier. Quotations are Tungchow Tls. 33.00 to Tls. 32.50, Tai Chong Tls. 31.50. Ordinary Shanghai at Tls. 31.00 to Tls. 30.50. The Hankow market has also been firmer, quotations being Shensi No. 1 Tls. 35.00 to Tls. 34.00 and Hupeh cotton at Tls. 29.00.

Local Yarn.—Our market continues very strong and clearances well maintained. Further sales are reported this week in some instances as far as September and October delivery including.

10's 300 bales Chelin at Tls. 140.00.

12's 100 bales Teenkwan at Tls. 157.00.

14's 700 bales Four Hee at Tls. 167.00.

16's 300 bales Wedding at Tls. 175.00 and 200 bales Teenkwan at Tls. 173.00.

Indian Yarn.—Market firm. Sales are reported in No. 10's 100 bales Tricumdass at Tls. 156.00 and No. 12's 100 bales Currimbhoy at Tls. 162.00, 50 bales China Mill at Tls. 158.00, 100 bales Moon at Tls. 158.00.

Japanese Yarn.—Owing to the continuance of the boycott we have no sales to record.

FOR THE CHILDREN

AMERICAN APPLE CIDER

PURE SWEET WHOLESOME

Agents
Connll Bros. Co.

Silk Market

In their report for week ending June 6, Messrs. William Little and Co. write as follows:

White Silk.—The market for New Season Silk has opened at Tls. 40 higher than last week's closing rates. A further Tls. 10 advance has been paid and the market closes strong. A good business has been done with America.

BAR SILVER

Reuter's Service

London, June 3.—Today's Silver prices were follows:

Ber Silver Spot, 53⅝d.

Forward, 53⅝d. steady.

Previous quotations, London, May 31:

Bar Silver Spot, 53d.

Forward, 53d. quiet.

CLEARANCE SALE

BEING forcibly obliged to vacate our present quarters, on account of expiration of lease, *we are clearing all* of our *Ladies'* and *Children's* summer goods, consisting of *Drapery, Haberdashery* and *Footwear.*

We are also selling, at *half-price,* our remaining stock of *Ladies'* and *Children's Hats.*

I. CANTOROVICH

40 NANKING ROAD.

A large display of all kinds of

HAND-MADE LACE, EMBROIDERY

SILK, PONGEES, ETC.

Best quality at moderate prices.

THE CATHAY LACE COMPANY

19, Nanking Road

The Ault & Wiborg Co.

Manufacturers of

TYPEWRITER CARBON PAPER

PENCIL CARBON PAPER

TYPEWRITER RIBBONS

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Save Electricity, as well as Daylight, by using "*Brilliant*" wire lamps throughout.

Brilliant Electric Company

Consulting Engineers & Electrical Contractors.

P564, Nanking Road, Shanghai.
'Phone: Central 4907.

We are specialists in good lighting,
Lighting advice and plans on requests. A-64

THE NATIONAL OPTICAL CO.
69 Nanking Road
(Near Honan Road)

REFRACTING & MANUFACTURING OPTICIANS

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Now is the time to PAINT

Consult our Contracting Department

FEARON, DANIEL & CO., INC.

8B Kiangse Road SOLE AGENTS Phone: Central 108

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WEATHER

Local thunderstorms at the mouth of the Yangtsze and on the coasts of Pechili and Shantung.

MARRIAGE

HAYES-PEARSON: On Saturday, June 7th, at the Holy Trinity Cathedral, by the Rev. Dean Walker, John Henry Hayes to Winifred Pearson, second daughter of J. H. Pearson, C. M. Customs.

23940

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, JUNE 10, 1919

If Tuan Comes Back--Anarchy

THE foreign communities are concerned chiefly with preventing the present crisis from getting out of hand and flaring up into a flame that will consume everything before it. Reuter's Peking correspondent reports that there are strong rumors of the return to power of Tuan Chi-jui as premier as the first step to his elevation to the Presidency. Now let foreigners realise this in time. If that rumor materialises and Tuan is allowed to become premier, it will be the dropping of a match into a huge vat of gasoline.

Every bit of foreign influence that exists in this country should be used to check such a development. In the present mood of the Chinese in at least the outports that will be a terrible challenge, and a challenge that will not be refused. Nor will the students and the merchants be to blame if they accept it. Tuan symbolises every hateful thing against which the present strike is directed, every hateful thing that provoked the strike. It was with him as figurehead that the plunder crew began its voyage of piracy two years ago. He will be that figurehead again. Tuan means Tsao Ju-lin, Lu Chung-yu, "Little Hsu" and the whole band of brigand Tuchuns and loan profiteers that have brought China to its present desperate and disgraceful straits. Tuan means a Japanese vice-royalty in Peking. And that the awakened Chinese, just tasting their power, will not submit to, nor should they be expected to.

Let foreigners look at the problem the strike prevents from two aspects. Let them try to keep it from becoming anarchy. Let them also try to avoid giving cause for such anarchy. The return to power of Tuan will be such cause. If the foreign Powers still have any influence in China, if they can still exert any pressure at all, every possible effort must be made to keep Tuan Chi-jui out of office. If necessary it should be made clear to Peking that with him as head of the government, foreign support will be given to the South. For the sake of the maintenance of peace, for the sake of foreign interests in China, for the sake of China's own future, Tuan must be kept out. With Tuan in there can be no peace, foreign interests will be ruthlessly sacrificed, there will be no future for China. Let us recognise this and act on it before it is too late. Better by far to prevent general strikes than to call out troops to keep them from turning to violence after they have broken out.

Correspondence

An Appeal To The Chinese Merchants

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Sir.—Please publish the following appeal to the Chinese merchants of China.

Sit down, gentlemen, at your desks, look into your accounts and calculate what a pecuniary loss you have sustained these eight years of adversity through a rapid succession of political upheavals! Endeavor to recollect what anxiety for yourselves and your dear ones, what solicitude for your property you have felt each time when you received or read in newspapers a cablegram announcing the Tuchuns' rebellion, the restoration of the monarchy, and the explosion of a revolution or civil war! Then, again, imagine what happiness and liberty we should have enjoyed and what prosperity of business you would have shared, had poor China been governed by just, conscientious and patriotic men!

After calculating, recollecting and imagining cast a glance at the miserable condition under which we all, you merchants especially, are laboring. While we toil and moil only to be taxed without proper representation, the officials live in pomp and state. While we groan under the weight of onerous loans, the loanmongers batten on the commissions. While we are oppressed and harassed by a huge assemblage of ignorant, armed men, the Tuchuns calculate of them for the aggrandisement of power and wealth. While we preserve our sovereignty with jealous care, Tuan Chi-jui and his confederates are bartering away our birthrights. The inevitable sequence of the continuation of this state of affairs will be either the utter ruin of our liberties or our extinction as a nation, whereby we can not avoid suffering greater loss, bearing insupportable privations and undergoing inexpressible grievances.

Everybody knows it, but nobody knows it better than our beloved students. For the reason that they know it better, with a view to averting the possible calamities, they, therefore, petition for redress, but their petitions have been answered with censorious mandates. They remonstrate but their remonstrations have been responded to with arrest, whipping and incarceration of students. Prompted by indomitable courage and impelled onward by immovable fortitude, they persevere in spite of these oppressions. They sacrifice their time and energy which they could otherwise have devoted to acquisition of education, they abide maltreatments with unshrinking firmness for the sole purpose of pulling our China out of the Slough of Despond. It is apathetic, heartless to stand by doing no more than praising their patriotism, sobbing, or, perhaps, weeping like the fair sex witnessing a piece of tragical drama. Throw in your lot with them by a temporary suspension of business, as the Shanghai Chinese merchants have done, to expedite the performance of the honorable work of national salvation. It should be understood that suspension of business does not mean ruin of business, as the demand is still there. Upon the resumption of business you may, if you so desire, retrieve your loss incurred therefrom by making a reasonable addition to your prices, which, you may rest assured, we shall be too willing and too pleased to pay in consideration of your patriotic sympathy.

Do not wait. To wait for the advent of the reign of peace and happiness in China is vanity of vanities. Do not rely on the help of others. To have relied on the Peace Conferences, international and national, we are disappointed. We are in danger so imminent that we must take immediate action and make immediate self-exertion. Our choice lies between active revolution and passive resistance and, as our revolutions have been productive of no better fruits than the creation of some two dozen of Tuchuns and a number of great men, the latter method is far more preferable to the former. If you see your way clear to sympathise with the students, follow the example of Shanghai Chinese merchants.

That our resistance may be maintained as long as we wish and our efforts crowned with success it is imperative, first, to provide for the poor in your town by keeping rice shops and factories open; secondly, to guard against breach of peace and order, the maltreatment of Japanese and their Chinese employes, your exploitation by revolutionists, Bolsheviki, or wire-pulling politicians, and, lastly, to demand from the Peking government in the name of a sort of convention to be called, the immediate release of the students under arrest in Peking and elsewhere, the severe punishment of those traitors, the utmost exertion of the government towards the unconditional restitution to China of Tsingtau by Japan, a true government of the people by the people and for the people and whatever reasonable demands you may think indispensable. Unless our demands be acceded in entirety and with guarantee, we resist, resist, but resist. It is our political right to demand. Mark! "A denial of a right is wrong and the suspension of a right, if not justifiable, is a crime."

Yours truly,
W. C. PIEN.

Pro-Germanism Among Chinese In Chungking?

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Sir.—Due to the German propaganda which has been carried on in this part of China as in all other parts of the world, the thinking and reading class of the Chinese before the outbreak of the war had come to think that anything worth having, in a military, educational or commercial way must come out of Germany.

To show that they still cling to that idea, we have the following proof to offer. For the past fifteen or more years, Germany had been conducting a hospital in this city. The hospital was in charge of a Surgeon Major of the German army. This man is a Prussian of the Prussians and a great admirer of William Hohenzollern and an upholder of militarism in its fullest sense. No institution has been a more effective disseminator of the German propaganda than this one.

About the time that America entered the war it was announced in one of the Chinese papers that since the German Government was no longer able to sustain this hospital and the Chinese government was not able to support the work, Mr. Wei, the head of the so-called China Red Cross, was going to supply the German government hospital with $250 a month for its support. The German sign was removed and that of the Red Cross was put up in its place.

After the repatriation of the Germans began, we began to hear rumors of the impending departure of the said doctor but up-to-date nothing has happened. He is the only German left in West China and he has remained in spite of the united efforts of two of our Consuls, reinforced by telegrams from the Peking Government, demanding that he be sent down river. The efforts of the Central Government (how sincere we do not know) and the Allied Governments have been blocked by this one man Wei.

On receipt of orders from Peking Wei at once got busy and induced the Chamber of Commerce, Kweichow commander of troops and others to telegraph Peking telling the Government how necessary it was to retain the doctor. If there is any justice in repatriating the Germans then the Chinese Government and Red Cross should find some way to shift this last vestige of Kaiserism from this part of China.

A few weeks ago when the Germans from Chengtu passed through Chungking the same man in order to show his contempt for the feelings of the Allies living in the city escorted the repatriated Germans through the main streets of the city with thousand of firecrackers.

The war may be over but the Germans seem to be held in as high esteem as before the war.

AMERICAN.

Chungking, May 20.

A Protest From A Returned Student

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Sir,—There is no one in the Settlement more anxious for the maintenance of order than the Chinese leaders themselves in the present movement for clean government. The leaders have done everything they can, not only to keep order but to see to it that every one is working properly for the object which we are aiming at, namely, to oust the traitors from the present government.

Last Thursday all shops were closed by the merchants in order to express their sympathies for the cause we are fighting for. That is the only effective means in their hand to protest the selling of China. Although the idea of closing shops was originated from the students, for they were the very first in this movement, thousands and thousands of shops were closed voluntarily.

Naturally as all the shops were closed and as we are conscious that our souls are being thrilled by this outburst of patriotism naturally everybody was out in Nanking and Chekiang Roads to get in touch with the latest development. We have done nothing more than if Americans had gone down Wall Street and Broadway to see the latest bulletin from the Western front. There was no organised mob present and nobody intended to do any harm. The great wonder was that they were so orderly. Naturally for such a big crowd present the streets were too crowded for the joy-riders.

Then came the order from the police to charge the crowd, displaying their guns and bayonets, driving the peaceful citizens into the alleyways like sheep before the wolves. Is it any wonder that the Chinese resented by throwing bottles and exposing their chest inviting them to bayonet them? What allied the police to take that step we do not know. Remember we are human beings capable to receive considerations. The so-called clash between the police and the crowd last Thursday night was precipitated as described above. If this affair had happened in America or England, a Commission would have been investigating the affair already. Please bear in mind that your missionaries have taught us that we are human beings, thus equally precious before God, our Father and Creator, despite that we were differently colored.

The crush last Thursday night would have been avoided had the police used their tact and kept their heads cool. A well known foreign reporter of a leading morning paper said this to me, as he was an eye witness, "The police did make a great mistake for they had handled the peaceful crowd as though they were mobs."

The public has a right to know that there was no organised violence of any kind. The present closed shops had caused us greatest financial loss and sacrifice. There is no anti-foreign, no anti-Japanese even, but anti-corruption and militarism. You have fought your fight in Europe. Many thanks to the peace conference, we are beginning to fight our fight. We all know that bad characters may appear here and there spottedly taking advantage of the present unrest, but what the public ought to know is that there is absolutely no foundation to fear an organised violence. With this assurance we hope to receive more consideration and sympathies from our foreign friends and especially from the police in our hard struggle for clean government and justice.

K. S. L.

Comparing The Personalities At Peace Conference

Who is the best fighter among the peacemakers? That seems to be the chief qualification at a peace conference, for the really peaceful man would never do at all as a delegate. The Conference began as a kind of free-for-all in the big Clock Room of the French Foreign Office, but it didn't take long to discover who the big fighters were, so they were dubbed the "Big Four" and were shut up in a room to battle it out among themselves. This battle of the giants has not been in the open for public delectation, but the earlier ones in the Clock Room were, and the "Big Four" were in action there, so we can get a slant on their style of play. A diverting picture of this assembly of seventy at the big horseshoe table is drawn by Simeon Strunsky, in The Atlantic Monthly. It takes one's mind back, he says, "to the categories of class-day election at college," thus:

Handsomest man—Hymans, of Belgium, who, this afternoon of January 25, leads the revolt of the little nations against the Big Five; tall, slim, thoroughbred, with a fighting face and the most eloquent hands imaginable. Liyest man—tie between Clemenceau, with body, muscles, arms, and tongue always in play, and Lloyd George, who reveals himself in the jump of ironic eyes under heavy brows, and frequent half-mischievous smiles and whisperings to Balfour at his left. Most worried man—Sonnino, of Italy. Most bored man—tie between Foch and Balfour. Best poised man—the chief Japanese representative, of course. Most patient and far-seeing man—Venizelos. I am inclined to believe. Most picturesque figure—if you dismiss the outward trappings of the delegates from Hejaz and native India, then, by all odds, Louis Botha, a massive, silent hulk, with eyes burning out of a short, thick jungle of whisker, mustache, and eyebrows. Hardest worker—Clemenceau. Most dignified—Woodrow Wilson. Best all-round athlete—Lloyd George, probably. Best student—House. Best poet—Smuts. Best orator—Woodrow Wilson. Done most for his class—?

There seems to be virtual unanimity among the seventy on this last point. Assume that the proprieties demand constant reference by every one of the speakers to the President's role in war and now in peace, and it is still evident that to Woodrow Wilson belongs the distinction of cutting the pattern for the work of the Conference.

As might be expected of a real American, President Wilson is found by this writer to be the most electric member of the Peace Council. It is said of him that nobody has his power to surcharge the atmosphere with a "tingling, emotional current, from the moment he rises to his feet and slowly embraces the audience with his grave smile." In regard to Clemenceau the observation is made that although he is seventy-seven years of age and the oldest member of the assembly, he is nevertheless the most vital of them all. Comparing him with other men of high executive position in the Allied Governments, the writer finds some curious contrasts and resemblances, President Wilson has less in common with the French leaders, it appears, than has—or had—our fighting ex-President who now sleeps at Oyster Bay. As we read:

But the more galvanic our Clemenceau unquestionably is. He shifts in the presidential chair now right and now left, throwing bits of his own interpretation to Wilson or Lloyd George in advance of the official translator. He corrects, he emphasises, he underlines the interpreter with emphatic nod, or takes exception with a flourish of his gray-gloved hands or a swift uplift of the white scythe of his mustache. His eyes scour the room to study effects. He is continually signaling to the secretaries behind him for orders, memoranda, message to be delivered. The obvious parallel is with our own man of energy whom we have lost so recently, and without whom it is so hard, three thousand miles away, to think of America.

On his feet Clemenceau is less dynamic in action than Roosevelt. The voice indicates his age, though it does not quite reveal it. His utterance is softer than his words. His manner is colloquial, but his message bites. He does not thunder, he rends. And as we listen to his reply to the little nations, we first begin to understand why he is called the "Tiger." In itself his argument, though frank, is not ferocious. He simply wants to say that big committees work more slowly than small committees, and that the great need before the Conference is speed. The message he succeeds in conveying is that, if you give the little nations the representation they demand, the Conference will degenerate into palaver. His enemies have spoken of his brutal speech. He, himself, in referring to utterances of his past, has described them as perhaps "cruel." Easily that, Clemenceau is the only man of the seventy capable of saying aloud, as he does now, that it is for the great Powers to run the show, because it was they who had twelve million men in the field when the armistice came, and they who count their dead by the millions.

Passing on then to a discussion of the fighting qualities of the French Premier, the writer expresses doubt whether, in spite of his being called the "Tiger," the Frenchman ranks as the best fighter of the assembled peacemakers. It is suggested that there are many ways of fighting, with swift rapier-like thrusts, "as Clemenceau does, or with a splendid flourish of the club, as Roosevelt did, or with abstract terms and general formulas, as Woodrow Wilson so often does." In this connection it is suggested that those who feared that President Wilson might not be a match for his supposed astute and hard-headed opponents, further assuming those opponents to be Lloyd George and Clemenceau, need not have had any worry on that score. It is said that the President "is not prostrate under the foot of Lloyd George nor yet lashed captive to Clemenceau's chariot. He has fought, and in his own way." To continue the quotation:

Just what that way is, it is impossible to miss in the speech with which he opened the debate on the League of Nations. In the corridors, I heard one veteran journalist describe it as the sermon of a Congregational minister. That veteran has a poor ear to have missed the swell of passion behind the solemn utterance, the challenge behind the pleading. It is a speech of summons and exhortation, but it is essentially a fighting speech. When the President says, "It is a solemn obligation on our part, therefore, to make permanent arrangements that justice shall be rendered and peace maintained," it is Wilson's way of saying, "We can not go away from this place before we have made permanent arrangements that justice shall be rendered and peace maintained." Nor is the President indulging in psychological analysis when he declares that the United States "would feel that it could not take part in guaranteeing those European settlements unless that guarantee involved the continuous superintendence of the peace of the world by the associated nations of the world." He is uttering a threat. If it had been Clemenceau speaking, he would have said, "Either you will give us the guarantees that we, the United States, think proper, or else you must run your Continent as you did before, and much good will it do you."

To one, at least, of the President's listeners, there is the ring of an absolute ultimatum in the apparently plaintive reflection, "If we return to the United States without having made every effort in our power to realise this program, we shall return to meet the merited scorn of our fellow citizens." What the President really says is this: "Do you imagine that I am going back to the United States with empty hands, to meet the scorn of my fellow citizens? I am here until you give me the League of Nations I want."

The article concludes by comparing briefly, one with another, the three leading figures at the Paris Conference, Clemenceau in the presiding officer's chair, Wilson on his right and Lloyd George on his left, attention being called to the dramatic fact that these three men are all of a type heretofore regarded as lacking in the qualities essential for the governing of mankind. It says:

Wilson is the college professor, the doctrinaire, the coiner of "vague" formulas, and at home the representative of a political party which, on the record of fifty years of American history, had been written down as incapable of producing out of itself the highest statecraft. Clemenceau is the "Tiger," the wrecker of ministries and reputations, the Ishmael of politics and journalism, the man of bitter passions and venomous tongue—here surely was no preparation for the greatest constructive task in a century. Lloyd George is perhaps nearest, by force of his record as social legislator before the war and administrator of war-effort under Asquith, to the type of constructive statesmanship. But Lloyd George, too, is not so far away, in time, from the Limehouse days, but that his former friends can fling at him the epithet of demagogue which his present friends used so busily nine years ago, and now the demagogue is to rebuild the Empire on broader and deeper foundations.

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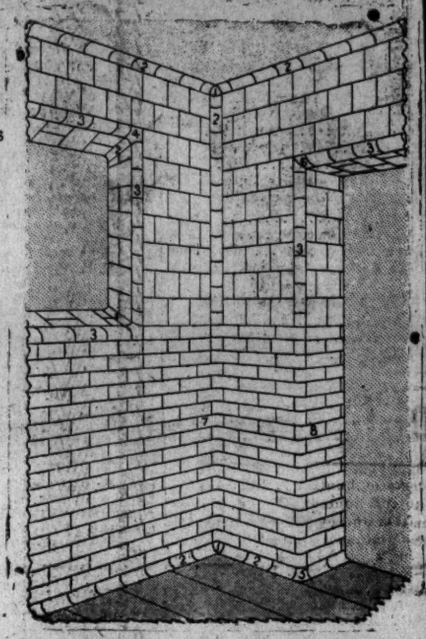

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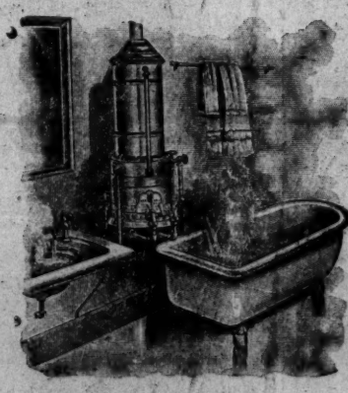

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Bringing Up Father — By George McManus

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HERE HE COMES - NOW I'LL GO IN -
OH! PARDON ME - WHO ARE YOU?
I AM THE BABY - MAY I ASK WHO YOU ARE?
I'M A FOOL AN' JUST FOUND IT OUT!
1-27

The Fascinating Sport Of Fossil Hunting

A form of hunting that causes no pain to the hunted, and yet has its fascination and even excitement for the scientific sportsman, is that of the fossil-hunter, briefly described by Mr. Harold J. Shepstone, in the English World's Work. Says Mr. Shepstone:

"Enthusiastic fossil-hunters have unearthed lizards that measured eighty feet and more in length and that weighed tons; a monster rhinoceros; horses that make the present-day horse seem like a mere pigmy; mammoth tigers, huge turtles, and giant flesh-eating birds, veritable terrors of the air. Their discoveries have enabled the men of science to read the wonderful wild life of the days of long ago. Fossil-hunting is like gold-hunting; the explorer never knows when he will 'strike it rich.' He may remain in the field a whole season, toiling daily under a scorching sun, and at the end have nothing to show for his labor. On the other hand, he may make a discovery that will startle the scientific world and upset text-books and cherished theories. The way the fossil-hunters work is interesting. Their implements are chiefly the pick, the shovel, and the spade, but some of the places that contain fossil treasures are so large that plows and scrapers drawn by horses have to be used to remove the earth that overlies them. The fossils are embedded in certain layers of earth and rock. A part of the layer may lie close to the surface of the plain or form a projecting hillside, and the other end be thousands of feet below the top. Thus the coveted fossil may be near the surface or hundreds of feet beneath it. One of the most valuable of recent finds was the complete skeleton of the Tyrannosaurus, the largest flesh-eating animal that ever lived. It was discovered by Mr. Barnum Brown, of the American Museum of Natural History, in the Bad Lands of Montana. The one aim of the Tyrannosaurus when alive was to battle with every other animal that came in its way. It was the fighting animal of its age. When erect it stood eighteen feet high, had talons fit to hold an ox, and double-edged dagger-like teeth from two to three inches long set in a mouth a yard wide. The skeleton was discovered in the sandstone hills. The area over which the bones were scattered and the exceedingly steep pitch of the hill made it necessary to remove a vast amount of material. It took two seasons to dig out the bones, and dynamite had to be used to blast the rocks. The excavation necessary to remove that one skeleton made a pit thirty feet long, twenty feet wide, and twenty-five feet deep.

Only recently in the Red Deer Canon, Alberta, Canada, the fossil-hunter added to his bag the stony remains of a hitherto unknown variety of crested dinosaur, one of the gigantic land animals of the remote past.

Rustless Steel

"The romance of rustless steel, one of the most recent metallurgical triumphs," writes The Scientific American, "is given increased prominence with the removal of control. The new metal, with a bright surface and able to resist the corroding effect of air, water and acids without staining, was discovered just prior to the outbreak of the war, and was immediately commandeered by the British government for use in airplane construction and for purposes where strength and durability, combined with rust-resisting qualities, were invaluable.

"The steel is a Sheffield invention, and was chanced upon largely by accident. A local metallurgist, Mr. Harry Brearly, author of numerous standard works, was experimenting in the armament shop to find a means of preventing erosion in gun tubes. After some of his experiments he noticed that certain pieces of chrome steel had not suffered from corrosive influences under conditions which would have rusted ordinary steel. He followed up this clue, and what is known as stainless steel was eventually worked out and added to Sheffield's metallurgical triumphs. It was applied to manufacturing cutlery."

Have You A Wrist Whistle?

The wrist whistle is becoming the companion of the wrist watch, and like the latter, is proving popular with army officers, a large number having been ordered by the government. The new whistle is of the siren type and is 3¾ inches long and ¾ inches in diameter. It is fastened to the left wrist by a leather band. In warfare and peace time maneuvering it is of the utmost importance that an officer's whistle is instantly available for giving commands, and when attached as indicated there is no delay in using it. The new article is also well suited to the needs of policemen, referees and others.—*Popular Mechanics.*

Chinese Vase Worth G.$20,000 In N. Y.

(New York World)

Twenty thousand dollars—almost enough to live on for a year—is according to the University of Pennsylvania, about the right price for an old Chinese vase. For those who haven't passion for Chinese vases and may think twenty thousand a large price for the moon, we submit the following:

It is true that the vase is only fifteen inches in height. But it has a famous history, which, however, is mostly unknown. It is richly inlaid with blue-green gems. They are the Chinese "fine colored stones," and during the Chou Dynasty were considered the most precious of jewels, though this is not the opinion of our day. The engraving is very elaborate and interesting, only nobody knows what it means.

But this vase for a thousand years has been one of the treasure pieces of the Chinese—the "Mona Lisa" or "Sistine Madonna" of their art heirlooms.

Near the base it bears the following inscription in ancient characters: "In the fifth year of the reign of Vi Wan (King Vi), when Chen Teh-kung represented the Kingdom of Tsen, in his expedition at Yeh, this vase was captured."

The Chinese classics witness the fact that Chen Teh-kung took the vase as a trophy during his expedition in the Yeh Kingdom, now a district of the province of Honan.

This was about the beginning of the famous Chow Dynasty (1122-255 B. C.), a glory period of the early Celestial Kingdom, during which flourished the great philosophers Confucius, Lao-Tse and Mencius. The expedition of the general Chen Teh-kung, was episode of certain internecine troubles then prevailing. The vase, bearing thereafter the name, not of the artist who fashioned it, but of the warrior who carried it away, is famous as "the Square Vase of Chen Teh-kung."

The shape of the vase is square on a horizontal section. The bronze is beautifully inlaid with the "fine colored stones," and the engraving is said to be the most perfect extant. It is designed to represent celestial phenomena, but today the key to the symbolism is lost.

The recent history of the vase is little known. Not long ago it was in one of those famous art collections made by the mandarins, which were handed down from generation to generation for centuries. The Boxer troubles and the late revolution caused the break up of most of these collections, and the treasures have been dispersed by theft and sale, or lost sight of, if not destroyed.

The University Museum purchased the vase from a New York dealer, and considered the price reasonable enough. While it has other bronze vessels which date before the Christian era, none are of this style, which seems never to have been extensively employed, or else all the other specimens have perished.

With its great reputation through Chinese history and its beautiful workmanship, the vase is one of the notable art treasures of the day.

Skunks

"Skunks become quite contented when domesticated and the objectionable odor that has made this animal offensive, yet which saves it from its many enemies, is rarely encountered on a fur farm," says The Argonaut.

"The odor is noticeable only when the skunk is put on the defensive, and on fur farms it is easy to avoid arousing its anger and excitement to the point where it is obliged to use its only means of defense for its own protection. Skunks are as playful as kittens and always better natured."

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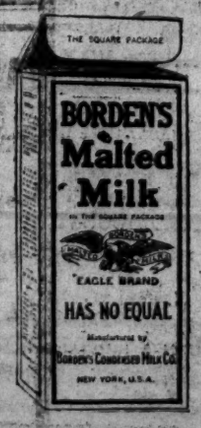
To Keep your Baby perfectly Well this Summer
1. Keep it cool and out-of-doors as much as possible.
2. Give it plenty of boiled water.
3. Make its food light. You, youself, don't eat as much heavy meat in summer as in winter. Lighten your baby's diet.
Also don't give him raw cow's milk with its heavy indigestible curd and germs of summer complaint—summer complaint that kills more babies than any other cause in the world.


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It is a complete food, so you need add only water and boil one minute
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A French Remedy for all Irregularities. Those ladies who keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, as then the first sign of any irregularity of the system a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. At all Chemists and Stores, or post free 8/- from MARTIN, Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND

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GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Loongwo**, tons 3,926, Captain Findeison will leave on **Tuesday, June 10**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Luenyi**, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, June 10**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77. Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Tafoo Maru**, Captain H. Yamasita, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Tuesday, June 10**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Woosung**, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the Fench Bund on **Wednesday, June 11**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Nanyang Maru**, Captain K. Takesita, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Wednesday, June 11**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. Kiangyu, Captain F. Carlesen, will leave on **Thursday** night. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Luenho**, tons 2868, Captain Jackson, will leave on **Thursday, June 12**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Talee Maru**, Captain ——— will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Thursday, June 12**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**. No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Suiwo**, tons 2,671, Captain Smith, will leave on **Friday, June 13**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Poyang**, Captain Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, June 13**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Suiyang Maru**, Capt. S. Kusakari will be despatched from the China Merchant's Central Wharf on **Friday, June 13**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**. No. 5 The Bund.

For Southern Ports

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tientsin**, Captain H. P. Hope, will leave on **Tuesday, June 10**, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

NINGPO.—The Str. **Kiangteen**, Captain D. D. Ross, will leave on Tuesday afternoon at 3:30 o'cloc. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Irene**, Captain C. Slepperd, will leave on **Wednesday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

AMOY & SWATOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chinkiang**, Captain G. D. S. Mills, will leave on **Wednesday, June 11**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

Ningpo:—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking**, Captain A. Stott R. N. R., will leave from the French Bund on **Wednesday, June 11**, at 5:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & Swire**, Agents., French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77. Passage Tel. No. 401.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Suiyang**, Captain J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Thursday, June 12**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight. Tel. No. 77. Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FROMOSA) via FOOCHOW and KEELUNG.—The Str. **Keelung Maru**, Captain Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **June 14**, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the **Nisshin Kisen Kaisha** at———on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4. The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

SINGAPORE via MANILA.—The Str. **Arabia Maru**, Capt. T. Saito, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **Wednesday, June 18**. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Chicago Maru**, Captain S. Yamaue, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **June 24**, ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central 4234 and 4235.

For Northern Ports

TIENTSIN direct.—The Kailan Mining Administration S.S. **Kwangping**, will despatch on **Tuesday, June 10**. For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road, Tel. Central 1115.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Fengtien**, Captain McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, June 10**, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tungchow**, Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on **Thursday, June 12**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Shuntien**, Captain Northcombe, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, June 14**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chenan**, Captain H. E. Laver, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, June 14**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77. Passage Tel. No. 401.

TIENTSIN and DAIREN.— The Steamer **Kohoku Maru**, Captain M. Tsugaki will be dedspatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **June 17**, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the **Nisshin Kisen Kaisha** at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

For Foreign Ports

LONDON via MARSEILLES.—The Steamer **Andes Maru**, Captain K. Goko, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **Wednesday, June 18**. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Arabia Maru**, Captain T. Saito, will be despatched on **Sunday, July 20**. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-alunch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Manila Maru**, Captain N. Kobayashi, will be despatched on **Thursday, July 24**. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-alunch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4047.

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Franrisco		
Tenyo Maru	May	10
Tascalusa	May	22
Colombia	May	24
Shinyo Marlu	May	26
Taiyu Maru	May	27
Uncas	May	29
Windber	June	2
For Tacoma		
Grayson	May	24
Africa Maru	May	27
For Vancouver		
Empress of Russia	May	10
Melville Dollar	May	22
Methven	May	26
For New York Via Panama		
Celtic Prince	May	24
For London, etc.		
Carmarthenshire	May	10
Shidzuoka Maru	May	12
Lycaon	May	20
Neuralia	May	24
Kaga Maru	May	26
Mentor	May	27
Amur Maru	May	29
Tokushima Maru	May	30
Yokohama Maru	June	9
For Liverpool		
Pakling	May	11
Stentor	June	5
For Marseilles		
Paul Lecat	May	10
Sanno Maru	May,	30
Indo Maru	June	8
For Bombay		
Dilwara	May	19
For Java		
Tjimanock	June	7

Launch Services

TODAY

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.S. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 9 a.m.

Saturday, June 14, 1919.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.S. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 11 a.m.

Shipping Items

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu left Hankow for Shanghai on Saturday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Saturday.

The I.-C. s.s. Luenho left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Chenan left Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Shuntien left Tientsin for Shanghai on Sunday.

The I-C. s.s. Suiwo left Hankow or Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Suiyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The H.O. s.s. Changon left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinming left Tientsin for Chefoo and Shanghai on Sunday.

The I-C. s.s. Choysang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Chungking will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Tean will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today.

The I-C. s.s. Kutwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The B.A.T. s.s. Justin, with a big mail from the States, is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Seattle on June 14.

The S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru arrived in Shanghai yesterday and will leave for Dairen this morning. The tender with passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at nine o'clock.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Yokohama Maru left Shanghai for London and ports yesterday.

The K.M.A. s.s. Hero (Chartered) left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Sunday.

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For **CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.**—S.S. **Woosung, Luenyi, Nganking, Peyang, Tatung, Wuchang and Chungking.**—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight (except Chungking which sails from Pootung at midnight). These steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's regular sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.

The steamers **Wuchang and Chungking** are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts, etc., but have no accommodation for Foreign passengers.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and every third Monday and Thursday.

For **WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and Peking via TIENTSIN).**—S.S. **Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.**—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For **AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.**—S.S. **Suiyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Singan and Kaifong.**—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

For **NINGPO—S.S. Hsin Peking.**—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 16 The Bund.

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Freight: Telephone Central 77. Agents, 21-23 French Bund.

Passage: Telephone Central 401.

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West Vaca (Cargo only)	June 12	S.S. Ecuador	June 28
S.S. Venezuela	June 21	S.S. Colombia	July 26
S.S. Ecuador	July 19	S.S. Venezuela	Aug. 23

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two bed staterooms only. No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

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S.S. Colusa	July 10	S.S. Santa Cruz	June 20

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VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

Date		From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Feb.	15 —	Bellingham, Wash.	J. Steedman	Am.	B.A.T. Co.
Mar.	16 —		Mituku Mar	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Apr.	6 —	Chinwangtao	Shinko Maru	Jap.	M.B. Co.
Apr.	8 —	Hongkong	Castlefield	Jap.	K.M.A.
May	10 —	New York, etc.	St. Mihiel	Br.	J.M. & Co.
May	12 —	San Francisco	Korsnaes	Br.	D. & Co.
May	13 —	Japan	Toyo Maru	Am.	S. & Dix.
May	13 —	River Ports	Javary	Jap.	
May	15 —	Japan	Yeiko Maru	Jap.	
May	15 —	Japan	Yeiraku Maru	Jap.	S. Shokai
May	17 —		Tenri Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
May	22 —	Hongkong	Hangsang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
May	23 —	San Francisco	Wergeland	Am.	S. & Dix.
May	23 —	Japan	Kohsho Maru	Jap.	
May	24 —		Senzan Maru	Jap.	
May	25 —	Hankow	Meian	Am.	Socony.
May	25 —	Japan	Fuyo Maru	Jap.	S. Shokai
May	25 —	Japan	Asaka M.	Jap.	
May	26 —	Japan	Dainikaio M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May	26 —		Akiba Maru	Jap.	
May	29 —	Cruise	Store Nordiske	Dan.	G. N. T. Co.
May	13 —	Chinwangtao	Shinyue	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
June	3 —	Japan	Enshu Maru	Jap.	
June	3 —	Hongkong	Liverpool M.	Jap.	O. S. K.
June	5 —	Keelung	Fukuri M.	Jap.	M.B.K.
June	5 —	Hongkong	Tungshing	Br.	J.M. & Co.
June	6 —	Japan	Rhesus	Br.	B. & S.
June	6 —	Japan	Taiten Maru	Jap.	M.S.K.
June	6 —	Tsingtau	Kokai Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
June	7 —		Brodmead	Br.	
June	7 —	Hongkong	Harold Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
June	7 —	Hongkong	Taishun	Br.	B. & S.
June	7 —	River ports	Kianghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
June	7 —	River ports	Hwahlee	Chi.	J.M. & Co.
June	7 —	River ports	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
June	7 —	River ports	Taehang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
June	7 —		Chihli	Br.	B. & S.
June	7 —	Japan	Matsura Maru	Jap.	
June	7 —	Japan	Fuku Maru	Jap.	
June	7 —	Tientsin, ports	Koonshing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
June	8 —	River Ports	Loongwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
June	8 —	River Ports	Luenyi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
June	8 —	River Ports	Tehhsing	Br.	H.O.S.S. Co.
June	8 —	River Ports	Tafoo Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
June	8 —	Ningpo	Meinan	Am.	Socony.
June	8 —	Japan	Kasuga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
June	8 —	Japan	Gokensan Maru	Jap.	
June	8 —	Ilo-Ilo	Dimjoes	Dan.	[illegible] Co.
June	8 —		Klangping	Nor.	K.M.A.
June	9 —	Foochow	Irene	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
June	9 —		Nancy Moller	Br.	M. & Co.
June	9 —	Japan	Shikano Maru	Jap.	
June	9 —	Japan	Tamaye Maru	Jap.	
June	9 —	Japan	Kamayoshi Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
June	9 —	Japan	Kofuku Maru	Jap.	
June	9 —	Antung	Wenchow	Br.	B. & S.
June	9 —	Swatow	Esang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
June	9 —	Tsingtau	Kwongsang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
June	9 —	Dalny	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
June	9 —	River Ports	Nanyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
June	9 —	Japan	Tobo Maru	Br.	M.B.K.
June	9 —	Japan	Yahiko Maru	Jap.	
June	9 —	Japan	Mikuni Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
June	9 —	Japan	Ryusei Maru	Jap.	

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

(Osaka Mercantile Steamship Co.)

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SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

(Subject to Alteration)

FOR LONDON (Via Hongkong, Singapore, Marseilles and Antwerp).

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave
*ANDES MARU	15,000	S. Kamiashi,	June 16	June 18

FOR MARSEILLES

	Tons	Capt.		
*INDO MARU	10,000	S. Arai,	May 31	June 8

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama.

In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
*ARABIA MARU	15,000	T. Saito,	July 19	July 20
*MANILA MARU	20,000	N. Kobayashi,	July 23,	July 24

FOR HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
CHICAGO MARU	12,000	S. Yamane,	June 23	June 24

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tientsin and Dairen).

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
KOHOKU MARU	5,000	M. Tsubaki,	June 15	June 17

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
KEELUNG MARU	2,000	Y. Fukami,	June 11	June 13

*Fully booked for passage.

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Tel. Address: SHOSEN, Shanghai,

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

Union Building, 4 The Bund

Tel. Nos. Central 4234 and 4235.

T. K. K.

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(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP CO.)

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KOREA MARU	June 29, 1919
TENYO MARU	July 24, 1919
SIBERIA MARU	Aug. 2, 1919
SHINYO MARU	Aug. 16, 1919
KOREA MARU	Sept. 13, 1919
TENYO MARU	Oct. 6. 1919

FOR HONGKONG

SHINYO MARU	July 26, 1919
TENYO MARU	Sept. 22, 1919

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VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

S.S. "CHINA"	JULY	5th
*S.S. "NANKING"	AUGUST	22nd
S.S. "CHINA"	SEP.	14th

*S.S. "NANKING" does not call at NAGASAKI nor HONOLULU.

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

S.S. "CHINA"	JUNE	21st
S.S. "NANKING"	AUGUST	7th

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Acting Agent.

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EUROPEAN LINE

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Portsaid, and England:

	Tons		
TAMBA MARU	12,500	T. Sekine,	June 23
MISHIMA MARU	16,000	Capt. K. Itsuno,	July 7

AMERICAN LINE

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington.

FUSHIMA MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Irisawa,	June 27
KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. S. Koma,	July 23

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Itsuno,	June 11
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. Y. Nakajima,	June 17
WAKANOURA MARU	5,000	Capt. D. Aoshima,	June 20

MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE

OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. H. Kawai,	June 11
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	June 14
TAKESHIMA MARU	4,500	Capt. R. Arakida,	June 18
YAWATA MARU	7000	Capt. H. Nojiri,	June 21

FOR JAPAN

MISHIMA MARU	16,000	Capt. S. Takano,	June 14

FOR HONGKONG

KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. I. Noma,	June 30

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. R. Shimidza,	July 16

AUSTRALIAN LINE

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

TANGO MARU	14,000	Capt. M. Nishimura,	June 25
NIKKO MARU	10,000	Capt. G. Yamazaki,	July 23
AKI MARU	12,500	Capt. F. C. Cope,	August 20

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

BOMBAY LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to
T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINESE GOVERNEMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

March 15th, 1919, and until further notice

Mail 101.	Mail 3.		Miles	Peking-Mukden Line		Mail 4.
20.35	8.35		0	dep. Peking arr.		19.50
28.45	11.12			arr. Tientsin-Central dep.		17.00
23.50	11.17		84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.		16.53
24.00	11.25			arr. Tientsin-East dep.		16.45
19.85			524	arr. Mukden dep.		

Local 5.	Mail 3.	Exp. 1.		Tientsin-Pukow Line		Exp. 2.	Mail 4.	Local 6.
6.45	9.45	11.30	0	dep.	Tientsin-East arr.	17.05	15.45	20.15
6.55	9.55	11.40	2.71	arr.	Tientsin-Central dep.	16.55	15.35	20.05
7.25	10.15	11.55		dep.	Tientsin-Central arr.	16.31	15.20	12.45
13.02	16.00	15.30	78	dep.	Tsangchow dep.	18.05	11.28	15.28
16.40	19.20	18.08	148	dep.	Techow dep.	10.39	8.47	11.56
19.57	22.12	20.21	—	arr.	Tsinanfu dep.	8.06	6.00	8.30
7.	:		220		:			8.
6.00	22.25	20.31	—	dep.	Tsinanfu arr.	7.56	5.40	19.02
9.27	1.00	22.31	266	dep.	Tsinanfu dep.	6.01	3.25	16.24
12.27	3.47	0.38		arr.	Yenchowfu dep.	3.49	0.40	13.00
12.47	4.02	0.48	318	dep.	Yenchowfu arr.	3.39	0.02	12.38
16.30	6.55	3.16	377	dep.	Linchang dep.	1.20	21.24	9.26
19.02	8.45	4.50	—	arr.	Hsuchowfu dep.	23.36	19.20	6.30
9.	:		420		:			10.
5.40	9.00	4.57	—	dep.	Hsuchowfu arr.	23.29	19.00	20.50
11.26	13.02	8.33	523	arr.	Pengpu dep.	19.53	14.55	15.20
11.51	13.20	8.40		dep.	Pengpu arr.	19.46	14.35	14.09
18.27	17.34	11.52	600	dep.	Chuchow dep.	16.48	19.50	8.27
20.08	18.55	13.00	631	arr.	Pukow dep.	15.30	9.20	6.40

N. Exp.	Exp.			Shanghai-Nanking Line		Exp.	N. Exp.
	23.00	14.20	0	dep.	Nanking-Ferry arr.	14.15	6.50
	7.00	21.00	193	arr.	Shanghai-North dep.	7.55	23.00

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line					Linchang-Tsaochuang Branch Line						
13.10	4.10	d. Yenchowfu a.	12.08	23.53	21.30	16.40	9.30	d. Linchang a.	6.25	15.50	21.40
14.03	5.05	a. Tsiningchow d.	11.15	23.00	22.40	17.50	10.40	a. Tsaochuang d.	5.15	14.40	19.50

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

The T. P. R. Express Trains are provided with 1st and 2nd class Sleeping, Dining accommodations and 3rd class cars only for 3rd class Through Passengers and servants accompanying 1st and 2nd class passengers.

Passengers travelling on the T. P. R. Express Trains must hold Express Extra Tickets in addition to passenger tickets. Application for Sleeping Accommodation should be made at the earliest possible moment to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.
Tientsin, March, 1919.

Large Display Advertisements
intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press
should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday**

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

TUESDAY, JUNE 10, 1919

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg
Today.							
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Fengtien	14.00	..	..	..	..	13.30
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	do	..	14.00	..	..	..	..
Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Kwongsang	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Amoy and Swatow	Chinkiang	22.00	17.00	..	..	..	22.00
Swatow and Hongkong	Kwongsang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan Ports	Kasuga Maru	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan Ports	Omi M.	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Loongwo	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hongkong and Canton	Irene	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
V'stock and Siberia via Pukow and Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train	..	..	..	17.00	..	17.00
Ningpo	Kiangteen	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Tomorrow.							
Amoy and Hongkong	Suiyang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	do	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Japan & America	Kasuga Maru	B8.30	..	..	..	..	?.
Japan & America	Omi Maru	B8.30	..	..	..	..	..
Japan & America, via N'saki	Kasuga Maru	..	..	..	..	9.00	..
Japan & America, via N'saki	Omi M.	..	..	..	..	9.00	..
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Thursday, June 12.							
River Ports	Train & Str.	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Tungchow	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	do	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Friday, June 13.							
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Kingsing	..	10.00	..	..	..	..
Saturday, June 14.							
N'saki, Kobe, Yhama, Canada, USA & Europe, via Canada	E. of Asia	..	20.30	..	..	..	17.00
Japan & America, via Moji	Kumano M.	..	..	..	..	11.00	10.30
Japan & America	Kumano M.	10.30	..	..	..	..	10.00
Monday, June 16.							
Japan & America, via N'saki	Yamashiro M.	..	..	..	..	B20.00	19.30

† Parcels only.
B Letters and boxes with declared value 7.30; parcel post 5 p.m. and money orders 4 p.m.
E Registered articles 5 p.m. on previous day.

The Chinese Post office will close two mails daily for Tsingtao, Tientsin, Peking, etc.
a.—at 21 for S. N. R. 23 o'clock train
b.—at 7 for S. N. R. 7:55 o'clock train
Mails closed by 7:55 train should reach Tientsin only 46 minutes later than those closed for the previous night's train.

Provision Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market as compiled on June 3, 1919.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	,,	16-20
Pork	,,	25-30
Veal	,,	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	14-16
Cod	,,	14-16
Mandarin	,,	20-30
Mackerel	,,	14-16
Pomfret	,,	14-16
Salmon	,,	none
Samli	,,	25-30
Soles	,,	14-16
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	none
Duck	,,	50-80
Eggs	per doz.	14-18
Fowl	per lb.	22-25
Geese	each	50-90
Pigeons	,,	18-20
Quail	,,	20-22
Snipe	,,	14-16
Teal	,,	14-16
Turkey	per lb.	50-55
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	10-12
Apples	,,	none
Bananas	,,	10-12
Lemons	each	6-7
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	10-15
Oranges	per doz.	$1.50
Peaches	per lb.	6-8
Pears	,,	10-12
Persimmons	,,	none
Feeboes	,,	8-10
Plums	,,	8-10
Pumeloes	each	none
Pineapples	,,	10-12
Strawberries	per lb.	10-12
Walnuts	,,	12-14
Vegetables		
Artichokes	each	2-3
Asparagus	per doz.	20-30
Broad Beans	per lb.	2-3
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	3-5
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	10-15
Celery	per bunch	8-10
Egg Plant	per lb.	none
French Beans	,,	5-6
Green Corn	each	none
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	1.00
Onions	per bunch	2-3
Parsnips	,,	3-4
Peas	per lb.	5-6
Potatoes	per picul	$2.00-$2.40
Radishes	per bunch	1-2
Spinach	per lb.	2-3
Tomatoes	,,	15-20
Turnips	per bunch	2-3
Grain And Flour		
Flour American	per 50 lbs.	——
Flour Australian	,,	$4.25
Flour Shanghai	,,	$2.15
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$6.80
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	30
Chinese dairies	,,	17
Fodder		
Barley	per 114 lbs.	$2.50
Bran	,,	$2.20
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton Tls.	19.00
Stove Coal	per ton Tls.	23.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-4.00

E. KILNER,
Chief Inspector.

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
June	12 —	Vancouver	Harold Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
June	12 —	San Francisco	West Vaca	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co,
July	10 —	Seattle	West Munham	Am.	R. D. Co.
July	13 —	San Francisco	Stanley Dollar	Br.	R. D. Co.
June	14 —	Vancouver	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
June	17 —	San Francisco	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
June	21 —	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.N. Co
June	21 —	New York	Egremont Castle	Br.	D. & Co.
June	27 —	Seattle	Fushimi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
June	27 —	Vancouver	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
June	29 —	San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
July	5 —	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
July	5 —	San Francisco	Kaiyei Maru	Jap.	D. & Co.
July	8 —	New York	Euryades	Br.	B. & S.
July	12 —	Vancouver	E. of Russia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
July	15 —	San Francisco	Cardareta	Am.	R. D. Co.
July	15 —	Vancouver	Bessie Dollar	Br.	R. D. Co.
July	19 —	San Francisco	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
July	24 —	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
July	25 —	Vancouver	Monteagle	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Aug.	2 —	San Francisco	Siberia Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Aug.	7 —	San Francisco	Tancred	Am.	R. D. Co.
Aug.	9 —	Vancouver	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Aug.	16 —	San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Aug.	22 —	San Francisco	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Sept.	9 —	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Sept.	9 —	San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

June	11 —	N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Kasuga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
June	11 —	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
		Kobe and Yokohama	Nera	Fr.	M.M. Cie
June	— —	Kobe & Yokohama	Sphinx	Fr.	M.M. Cie
June	14 —	Kobe	Mishima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
June	14 —	Moji, Kobe and Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
June	17 —	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
June	18 —	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
June	20 —	N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Wakanoura Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
June	21 —	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR EUROPE INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

——	—	Marseilles	Nera	Fr.	M.M. Cie
——	—	London	C. of Colombo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
June	15 —	London, etc.	Andes Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
June	19 —	Liverpool	Teucer	Br.	B. & S.
June	20 —	London	Glenamoy	Br.	G. L. E. A.
June	22 —	London	Glenapp	Br.	G. L. E. A.
June	23 —	London	Tamba Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
June	26 —	London	Talthybius	Br.	B. & S.
June	— —	London	Altai Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
June	— —	Marseilles	Sphinx	Fr.	M.M. Cie
July	3 —	Liverpool	Ningchow	Br.	B. & S.
July	3 —	Bombay	Dunera	Br.	P.&O.S.N. Co.
July	3 —	London	Jason	Br.	B. & S.
July	10 —	London	Idomeneus	Br.	B. & S.
July	17 —	Liverpool	Tydeus	Br.	B. & S.
July	23 —	Settle	Katori Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
July	24 —	London	Neleus	Br.	B. & S.
July	30 —	London	Pembrokeshire	Br.	G. L. E. A.
July	— —	London	Kansas	Am.	J.M. & Co.
July	— —	London	Kentucky	Am.	J.M. & Co.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

June	10 5.30	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
June	10 D.L.	Hongkong & Canton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
June	10 D.L.	Hongkong & Canton	Tientsin	Br.	B. & S.
June	11 5.30	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
June	11 4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
June	11 —	Amoy & Swatow	Chinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
June	11 9.00*	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Kwongsang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
June	11 —	H'kong & Canton	Irene	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
June	12 D.L.	Amoy, H'kong, C'ton	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.
June	16 —	Hongkong	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
June	28 —	Hongkong & Manila	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

June	10 D.L.	Newchwang	Chihli	Br.	B. & S.
June	10 3.00	W'wei, Chefoo, T'tsin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
June	10 —	Tientsin	Kwangping	Chi.	K.M.A.
June	10 —	Dairen and Tsingtau	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
June	14 D.L.	Tsingtau	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.

FOR RIVER PORTS

June	10 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br. J. M. & Co,
June	10 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br. B. & S.
June	10 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tafoo Maru	Jap. N.K.K.
June	11 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Woosung,	Br. B. & S.
June	11 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Klangfoo	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
June	11 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Nanyang Maru	Jap. N.K.K.
June	12 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Klangyu	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
June	12 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br. J.M. & Co.
June	13 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Sujwo	Br. J. M. & Co
June	13 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br. B. & S.
June	13 M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Klangyung	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.

*A.M. M.N.—MIDNI GHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating
WTW	——		Snipe	Br. gun-boat
WTW	——		Nightingale	Br. gun-boat
P & O B I	Oct. 18		Sel. Caboto	It. gun-boat
1 C	Feb. 11		Wilmington	Am. gun-boat
B V I I	May 7		Suma	Jap. gun-boat
O D	Apr. 30		D de Lagree	Fr. gun-boat
Y P D	May 12		Bee	Br. gun-boat
8 P	May 24		Teal	Br. gun-boat
Y P D	May 24		Samar	Am. gun-boat
Y P D	June 2		Comdr. Behring	Rus. gun-boat
2 C	June 5		Quiros	Am. gun-boat

Siccawei Weather Report

Monday, June 9, 1919.

Weather	4 A.M.	9 A.M.
Bar. at 23° F. inches	29.65	29.69
Variation for 24 hrs.	-0.09	-0.08
Variation for 12 hrs.	-0.04	-0.03
Wind—Direction	SSE	WSW
Wind—Miles per hour	6.2	9.3
Temperature (Fahr.)	73°2	85°3
Humidity	06	72
Nebulosity (0-10)	7	3
Rainfall inches	—	—

8.—Cloudy but rather fine hot weather at Shanghai. Thunderstorm at Chinkiang during the afternoon. Southerly breezes on our coasts. The barometers have moderately fallen in China.

8.—Cloudy but very fine hot weather with Southerly breezes. Barometer still falling.

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$635 B.
Chartered	£80 CNI
Russo-Asiatic	Tls. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$440 S.
North China	Tls. 220
Union of Canton	Hk. 192½ x B
Yangtsze	$245 B. [S.
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 24
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$141
Hongkong Fire	$325 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def	
Indo-China Pref.	$150
"Shell"	195/-
Shanghai Tug (o)	Tls. 36 B.
Shanghai Tug (f)	Tls. 40
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 11 B.
Oriental Cons	21/-
Raub	$2 B.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$151 B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 134 B.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 24½ B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 96 B.
Hongkong Wharf	$92 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 76
China Land	
Shanghai Land	Tls. 67 B.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	Tls. 17 B.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 262½
E-wo Pref	Tls. 97
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 180 B.
Oriental	Tls. 85 B.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 183 B.
Kungyik	Tls. 32 B.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 12½ B.
Yangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 90
Industrials	
Butler Tilles	Tls. 28
China Sugar	$153 B.
Green Island	87.45 B.
Langkats	Tls. 20 CNI
Major Bros	Tls. 5 [B.
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 105 B.
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$124 B.
Llewellyn	$50
Lane, Crawford	$88
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$5 B.
Weeks	$11½
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 8 S.
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 7½ B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 20 B.
Batu Anam 1918	Tls. 0.80 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 2 B.
Bute	Tls. 0.85
Chemor United	Tls. 0.90 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 7½
Cheng	Tls. 2.10
Consolidated	Tls. 2½ B.
Dominion	Tls. 6 B.
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 5 B.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 13.90
Kamunting	Tls. 5½
Kapala	Tls. 0.30 B.
Kapayang	Tls. 16
Karan	Tls. 8½
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 4 B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 11½
Padang	Tls. 9½ B.
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 4½ B.
Permata	Tls. 2¼
Repah	Tls. 0.80 B.
Samagaga	Tls. 0.70 B.
Seekee	Tls. 1
Semambu	Tls. 0.80 B.
Senawang	Tls. 7½ B.
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.50 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 7½ B.
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1 B.
Sungala	Tls. 1,
Sungei Duri	Tls. 8½
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3¾
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.40 B.
Shanghai Seremban	Tls. 0.50 B.
Taiping	Tls. 1½
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.75 B.
Tebong	Tls. 13 B.
Ulobri	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. 3¾ B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I and E. Lumber	Tls. 350 S.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 14 B.
S'hai Elec. and Asb.	$9
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 81
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 21½
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 25
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 25
Shanghai Telephone	Tls. 74½
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 155

S. Sellers. Sa, Sales. B. Buyers.

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SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI LOCAL TIME IS ONE HOUR AHEAD OF RAILWAY TIME

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE. ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local
Shanghai North dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	....
Jaodaki dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....
Soochow dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15 13	16 13	....
Lunghua Junction dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....
Shanghai South dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*
Lunghua Junction dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*
Songkiang dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....
Kashai dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.53	18.49	....
Kashing dep.	7.40	10.25	12.30	14.35	....	17.22	19.20	....
Yehsah dep.	8.45	11.06	13.15	15.50	....	17.53	....	....
Changan dep.	9.45	11.41	14.00	16.50	....	18 24	....	....
Hangchow dep.	11.10	12.50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....
Zahkou arr.	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE. ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Konzenchiao dep.	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35	Zahkou dep.	—	10.10	12.25	....	17.20	....
Kenshangmun dep.	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50	Hangchow dep.	7.30	10.40	12.45	14.55	17.50	19.15
Hangchow dep.	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00	Kenshangmun dep.	7.42	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27
Zahkou arr.	—	9.40	12.10	....	16.55	....	Konzenchiao arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.40

R. Restaurant Car.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For U.S. Canada and Europe:
Per R.M.S. E. of Asia ....June 14
For Japan:
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga Maru June 11

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada
Per B.A.T. s.s. Justin....June 14
Per T.K.K. s.s. Korea Maru June 14
From France
Per M.M. s.s. Nera .....June 20

EIGHTY PERISH IN FIRE IN FRENCH CINEMA

Panic Occurs At Performance Held In Connection With Joan Of Arc Celebration

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Valence-sur-Rhone, June 1.—Owing to a fire breaking out during a cinematograph performance in connection with the Joan of Arc celebrations, 4,000 spectators were thrown into a panic and rushed the exits with the result that women and children were trodden underfoot. Thirty persons are known to be dead and a hundred injured.

Later.—Eighty persons are dead owing to the cinema panic, including fifty-three children and twenty-one women. All the victims were suffocated.

Soochow Missionary Association Meets

(China Press Correspondence)

Soochow, June 7.—The regular monthly meeting of the Soochow Missionary Association was held at the home of the Rev. and Mrs. Henry A. McNulty on Thursday afternoon. After tea had been served the meeting was called to order and Dr. Ethel Polk gave a most interesting address on her experiences in Siberia and the splendid work done by the Soochow Unit of the Red Cross.

After the address, the election of officers was held and the following officers were chosen for the coming year: President, Rev. Henry A. McNulty; Vice-President, Rev. Maxcy Smith; Secretary, Miss Booker; Treasurer, Mr. Touchstone.

An interesting program was announced for the coming year.

MORE CHINESE TROOPS ARE SENT TO MONGOLIA

Reinforcements Dispatched In Response To Message Of Resident At Urga

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, June 5.—In view of disquieting reports received by the Central Government and the Mongolian Bureau from Chen Yi, the Chinese Resident at Urga and his assistants, a further mixed battalion of the National Defense Army has just been despatched to Kalgan, where it will place itself under the orders of the Tuchun of Chahar, General Tien Chung-yu.

Troops previously sent to Kalgan, some 2,500 men in all, are reported as having set out from there on their way to the Mongolian frontier, where they are to act as an army of observation; and these new troops will ultimately set out for the same destination.

In well informed foreign circles here very little is made of the Semenoff menace as far as Mongolia is concerned. The Mongolians are regarded as being perfectly able to protect their frontiers themselves, and Semonoff is believed to be aware of their strength and perfectly willing to let them alone.

Two reasons are advanced for the sending of additional forces from Peking to Mongolia. In the first place Chen Yi has been a consistent alarmist ever since last Summer and is obviously anxious to have a large number of Chinese troops in his vicinity so as to increase the importance of his position. And secondly the sending of troops to Mongolia under the plea of possible danger to the country gives the military leaders here a chance to keep these men under arms and at the same time give them valuable military training for such future emergencies as the militarists are contemplating.

How Japanese Closed An American School

Tsingtau Mission Center Shut Up After Much Annoyance By Police

(China Press Correspondence)

Tsinanfu, May 31.—Direct word has been received from Tsingtau giving details of how the Hugh O'Neill Boys' High School of the American Presbyterian Mission was closed by order of the Tsingtau military government.

This action was taken after several weeks of continuous interference on the part of the police. While a single woman only was in the station a campaign of investigation was conducted by the gendarmerie, who insisted that a spy from Peking was being harbored in the school. This campaign began Sunday, April 20, and was continued until Sunday, April 27, when a posse of eight men came and searched the home of the principal, Wang Shou-ching, and the school office. The gendarmes have also persistently interrupted the work of the station by visiting and interregating the missionaries in their homes.

On May 28 the entire teaching staff, American and Chinese, were summoned to appear at the courthouse and threatened with punishment if they failed to appear. This left the school with no overseer, and immediately after the staff had left a force of seven soldiers appeared and took possession of the school. They took pictures of the building, and posted a military guard inside the schoolhouse.

At the courthouse the teachers, foreign and Chinese, were arraigned before the Civil Administrator and his staff and two police officers. An order from the commanding general was read in Japanese, Chinese and English demanding that, because of disturbances and crimes—the nature of the crimes were not mentioned—and for the sake of peace, the school must be closed at once and all teachers and pupils sent home within ten days.

A second order was read and delivered to Mr. Wang Shou-ching, the principal, banishing him from Tsingtau for three years, emphasising the heinousness of his crime, but giving no hint as to what his crime was except that his presence in Tsingtau threatened the peace. Mr. Wang has been in the service of the mission for many years and has a good reputation and a clear record. He is a peaceable man, taking no part in politics, and has shown every sign of being scrupulously careful at this time. Thus without trial or conviction he has been condemned and banished in disgrace as a dangerous criminal.

On May 28 and 29, a day and night military guard was maintained in the schoolhouse, forbidding any classes, and watching every movement of teachers and pupils. And now even though the school is dispersed, and the schoolhouse empty, the military guard still holds possession of the school building.

Also on May 13 five Japanese soldiers carrying their guns visited the Mission Girls' School at Dasintan, a village eight li from the Lantswen R. R. Station. The principal demurred at their entrance but they demanded admission, so the principal finally took them to a classroom. They, however, insisted upon wandering off in ones and twos, going wherever they pleased. The girls fled to their rooms and locked their doors, and the soldiers still peeped in the windows.

NATIVES ARE LEAVING COLONIES GERMANY HELD

Commons Informed That They Are Migrating Into British Controlled Territory

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 2.—In the House of Commons today Mr. Aneurin Williams affimed that the uncertainty with regard to who was to be the mandatory for the ex-German colonies was causing a migration of the native population into British territory.

Mr. Cecil Harmsworth replied that there were indications of that, but it was really a matter for the Peace Conference.

Japanese Paper Makes Apology To Reuter's

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, May 31.—The following retraction and apology has appeared in the Kokumin Shimbun, in connection with an unfounded charge against Reuter's Peking correspondent, published by that paper.

Retraction

"The report to the effect that"—"they bought even Reuter's correspondent at Peking and through him sent wild and malicious reports abroad—" published on the fifth page of May 6 in the article headed "Anti-Japan Riots Start" has been found incorrect, and we hereby retract the said report in consideration of serious embarrassment which must be suffered by Reuter's, Ltd." (Kokumin Shimbun, May 30, 1919).

Apologies To Reuter

"The unfounded report that Reuter's correspondent at Peking was bought up to send false despatches must have proved greatly embarrassing to Reuter's, Limited, which makes impartiality and accuracy of reports the criterion of its service. We regret that such an unfounded report appeared in our paper." (Kokumin Shimbun, May 31, 1919).

AMUSEMENTS

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on
June 10th, 11th and 12th
GEORGE FAWCETT
Supported by an All Star Cast
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"THE MAJESTY OF THE LAW"
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Special Programme
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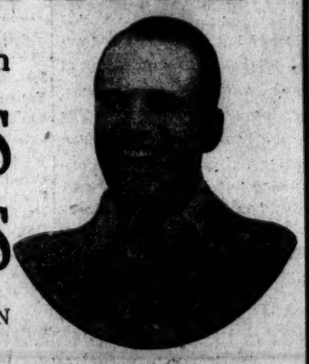
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS
IN — THE MIRTH-MAKER — IN

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